Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.50 Per Year

VOL. XXIX BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING. SEPTEMBER 29, 1898. NO. 37

WITH THE MILLERS.

Closing Sessions of this Interesting Convention.

EXCELLENT ADDRESS BY GEN. BEAVER

A Delightful Musical Entertainment Tuesday Evening—Excellent Address by Hon. John T. Hyatt Vice Consul at Santiago.

EXCURSION TO THE STATE COLLEGE

The Twenty-first annual convention of the Pennsylvania State Millers' Association convened in the Court House in this place Tuesday, at 10:30 o'clock. There are 213 members in regular standing in this association which is the largest of its kind in the United States. The officers of the association are President Asher Miner, of Wilkesbarre, Pa. First Vice-president, Jacob V. Edge, Downingtown, Pa. Second Vice-president, E. A. Feight, of Roaring Springs, Pa., Treasurer, Landis Levan, Lancaster, Pa., Secretary W. H. Richardson, Philadelphia , Pa.

Board of Directors—Cyrus Hoffa, of Lewisburg, Pa., W. Latimer Small, of York, Pa., B. F. Isenberg, Huntingdon, Pa., E. K. Freed, of North Wales, Pa., W. J. Yeager, Reedsville, Pa.

The commiteee of arrangements for the Bellefonte convention are C. T. Gerberich, J. L. Montgomery, Curtis Wagner, Harry Gerberich, and Henry Brockerhoff, of Bellefonte; Fred Bottorf, Pine Grove Mills, Pa., William Allison, Spring Mills, Pa., and James I. Thompson, Lemont, Pa.

The President called the convention to order and introduced Judge John G. Love to make the address of welcome. Gov. Hastings who was to have been here was unable to be present through business affairs. Judge Love extended a hearty welcome to the Millers' to Bellefonte and extended the hope that their stay here would be a pleasant and profitable one.

Colonel Asher Miner, President of the association made the response on the part of the Millers'. He thanked Judge Love and the people of Bellefonte for their hearty welcome and explained the object of the convention. He then delivered a short address to the Millers.

He spoke of the state of business during the past year and of the bad effect on the market of the Leiter corner in wheat. He showed the evil effects of one man controlling the price of wheat. The increased domain which has come under our flag by the recent war with Spain will give us a larger market for our products. In closeing he thanked the officers and members for their cordial support during the years he had been president.

The next thing in order was the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting by the secretary, W. H. Richardson.

Mr. Richardson the secretary then read his annual report. It showed the association to be in financial standing. He spoke of the work of the association to aid the Millers in the business. The association deserves credit for having legislation passed putting out of the market mixed or adulterated flour which came in competition with products of honest Millers. Frauds have been shown up, better freight rates on railroads have been secured.

It was moved and seconded that this report be accepted.

The report of the treasurer, Mr. Levan, was then read. Balance in treasury from last year $359.00. Received from treasurer $568.40. Total amount $927.40. Paid out during year $740.00. Balance in the hands of treasurer $187.40.

The report of Judge Cyrus Hoffa of Lewisburg, chairman of Board of Directors was then read. It proved very interesting as showing the work accomplished by the association.

A short recess was then taken for the purpose of enrollment and payment of dues. After the recess the appointment of the committees on nominations and resolutions was in order.

The convention then adjourned to meet at 2:30 in the afternoon.

Tuesday afternoon's session of the convention of the State Millers' Association was called to order at 2:30 with President Asher Miner in the chair. The hall was well filled at this session and much interest was manifested in the proceedings.

The first thing on the programme was an interesting paper by Mr. E. F. Noble. His subject was "The Leiter Corner and its effect on the Pennsylvania Miller." He gave a history of the gigantic speculation by this young man, Joseph Leiter, not 29 years of age, and showed the evil effect on the Millers' of our state. He also showed how the manufacturers could prevent this cornering of wheat. The Pennsylvania Miller should adopt the Golden Rule and not attempt to get ahead of each other.

At the close of this address the subject was thrown open for discussion. Judge Cyrus Hoffa, discussed the Leiter corner and said he believed that it did not hurt the Miller. Yet he said cornering of the market was generally injurious to the Miller. Secretary Richardson and others also spoke on this subject.

The next thing in order was the appointing of committees.

The following committees were appointed. Committee on Resolutions I. R. Burgner, I. K. Little, Griffith Ellis, M. I. Hicklen, W. J. Yeager.

Committee on Nominations, Geo. M. Cresswell, M. M. Hayes, Albert Spangler, J. M. Hartzell and Geo. Ingham.

A paper was then read by Secretary Richardson which was written by Mr. H. J. Taylor, District Deputy for Pennsylvania, Fraternity Operative Millers' of America. This gentleman who had expected to be present was unavoidably absent. His subject was "The Practical Side of Milling—The Men Behind the Guns." His paper was very interesting and instructive and was from the standpoint of the men who do the work in the mills.

The success of a mill depends on good business principles and good work in the mill. The men who do their work, must understand their business.

The Miller was likened to the captain of a war ship. Unless there are good men behind the guns, failure and defeat is sure. Everything depends on the head Miller. He must be the best man money can procure. The same mill with the same wheat might be a failure with an incompetent or careless Miller, or a success with a competent man. A mill should be kept warm during the winter to do good work. He then gave a description of an ideal mill. The paper closed by thanking the State Millers' Association for the interest they had shown in the operators association.

The next address was delivered by Mr. George J. Ingham on "The Origin of Mill Fires." He said among other things. Why is it that so many mills burn? I have every confidence in the Pennsylvania Miller. In the first place mills are very combustible that is one of the reasons that so many mills burn. Another is dirt which is allowed to accumulate in many of our mills.

Among other causes of fire are sparks from chimney falling on shingle roof. Often find holes in office stove, fires from lamps and lanterns, also from oily waste left lying around.

Mr. B. F. Isenberg president of the Millers' Fire Insurance Association then read a paper by a Miller of 35 years experience. It gave the causes of many of our mill fires and proved a most interesting paper.

The reports of the Standing Committees was next in order. The first was the report of the Committee on Transportation, as read by Secretary Richardson. It showed the work accomplished by this committee in getting better freight rates and more privileges and concessions from the different transportation companies.

This report was from W. W. Welch, chairman of the Transportation company.

The next report was from the Committee on New Machinery and Milling "Processes" by Mr. Nuby and read by Vice-President E. A. Feight, of Roaring Springs. The advantages of different kinds of mill machinery was fully explained in an interesting and instructive manner.

This closed the afternoons proceedings and the convention adjourn until 8 o'clock in the evening.

Tuesday evenings session of the Millers' convention proved very interesting. It was called to order at 8 o'clock. The big court room was crowded to the doors by a large and intelligent audience. The Bellefonte arrangement committee had prepared a musical program to help out the regular proceedings and it proved a rare treat.

The exercises were opened by a selection by the Undine orchestra. This was followed by a song by the ladies quartette entitled "Welcome Bright Springtime". The ladies who thus favored the audience were Mrs. J. C. Meyer, Misses Lulu Harper, Aurora Moore and Henrietta Butts. They received a hearty encore.

After another selection by the orchestra the president introduced the speaker of the evening Hon. John T. Hyatt, United States Vice-Consul for four years at Santiago, Cuba. The subject of his address was "Cuban Resources and Opportunities." He handled his subject well and his address was most interesting and instructive: He was listened to with marked attention by all present.

Following this address there was a selection by the orchestra. Then followed a delightful solo by Wm. B. Reeves, which received a hearty encore.

Miss Neubaker the organist at the Presbyterian church then favored the audience with two piano selections after which the entertainment closed with a selection by orchestra.

Wednesday morning the Millers' were rather slow in gathering. The time set for the meeting was nine o'clock but it was long past that time when the President rapped for order.

The first thing in order was the report of the committee on nominations. They reported the following names: President—Asher Miner, of Wilkesbarre; Vice President—John M. Hayes; Second Vice President—E. A. Feight, of Downington, Pa., Treasurer,—Landis Levan, of Lancaster, Pa., Secretary—W. H. Richardson, of Philadelphia, Pa.

Board of Directors.—Cyrus Hoffa of Lewisburg; B. F. Isenberg, of Huntingdon, Pa.; E. K. Freed, of North Wales: W. J. Yeager, of Reedsville; Thos. R. Burgner of Elliottson, Pa.

There being no other nominations the secretary was ordered to cast ballot for the above named gentlemen and they were declared elected for the ensuing year.

The auditing committee reported that they had examined the Treasurer's account and found it correct in every particular.

President Miner made a short speech in which he thanked the convention for again honoring him by electing him president of the Association.

Mr. Thomas R. Burgner of Elliottson was then introduced and read an interesting paper on the subject "Competition among Pennsylvania Millers' and its Effects." He put himself on record as opposed to the building of mills of to large a capacity. To many mills should not be built in one community. The Millers' should have fair profits and not divide them with the merchants and middlemen. We should protect our interests to the end.

The report of committee on grading and inspection was then read by Mr. Hayes. He reported a shortage in the wheat crop. Every Miller should raise his voice against the shipment of dirty wheat. The shortage in the weight at the elevators is about 1-10 per cent. Then there is a great loss in shipping. No. 2 yellow corn is running to dirty. No. 2 oats is also running short in weight. These things should be remedied. This report was accepted and ordered spread on the minutes. This paper was discussed at length by different speakers.

At this point General Beaver entered the hall. Instantly the convention broke into cheers giving the Governor a most hearty welcome. He was at once introduced by the President. His subject was "Milling and Agriculture as Affected by Territorial Expansion." His address was a most eloquent one, and his subject was handled in a most excellent manner. The General is a very busy man and hurried home from Washington traveling all night to meet this engagement. He spoke of the great importance of the milling business. The great market which is opened up to us by annexation was fully explained by the General and methods for enlarging our trade with these islands was discussed. His opinion was that Cuba as well as Porto Rico would be annexed. He also believed that the Nicaragua Canal would certainly be built. The Philippine Islands must also be annexed and here is another big state of 40,000 square miles opened up to us. All these islands mean big increase in territorial domain for our country. This means free trade with all these islands. "The removal of all these restrictions gives to us the exclusive privileges of all this vast and increasing trade. The result of this increase of territory will be increased commerce, increased manufactures.

The General spoke of a coming union with John Bull. Every step taken for liberty has been taken by the Anglo Saxon race.

A resolution was passed that members of this association report all shortages in elevator weights to the secretary and be by him investigated.

Judge Hoffa at this point moved that Miss Richardson the stenographer and reporter of the convention who has kindly came here year after year without pay, be paid $15.00 for this service. An amendment was made that she be paid $25.00. It was so ordered.

Mr. Barry, president of the National Millers' association made a short but interesting address. He congratulated the Pennsylvania association on its great success. and described the advantage of the National association.

Dr. Henry T. Fernald, state zoologist at Harrisburg, also made a short address on the work of his branch of the Department of Agriculture at Harrisburg, and how it benefitted the Millers of our state.

The report of the committee on resolutions was then read. Mr. President and Gentlemen of the association.

Whereas—The undersigned have been named a committee on resolutions to express the sense of this convention in reference to its 21 annual session held in Bellefonte Sept., 27-28th 1898. And whereas the Millers of Centre County and citizens of Bellefonte, did by most courteous and considerate actions bid welcome and good will to the Millers of this association and also to the ladies accompanying the same, and did spare no effort to extend to all the visitors a most hearty welcome and cordial reception, and by courteous attention and many kindly acts make our stay here one of great pleasure. We extend thanks now be it therefore

Resolved—That this association in consideration for the distinguished kindship of his honor Judge Bell the president judge of the court in vacating the court room, for our pleasure and use, do hereby return to the said court our most sincere thanks and appreciation for his kindly act. And also to his excellency General James A. Beaver for his splendid address which so largely quickened us in the comprehension of our territorial acquisitions and the possibilities of the resources and opportunities and to John T. Hyatt for his careful presentation of the resources and opportunities of our coming Cuban dependency and all others who took part in the convention. All of which is respectfully submitted.

THOMAS R. BURGNER,
Chairman.

After other business of importance the convention adjourned sine die. Wednesday afternoon the millers were taken on a free excursion to State College and listened to an excellent address by Dr. Geo. W. Atherton.

W. A. Osborn Nominated.

After taking about one hundred ballots at the several meetings of the Senatorial District Conference for this Senatorial District which closed its labors at Philipsburg on Tuesday evening, just in time to make their work of use to the candidate. W. A. Osborn, of DuBois, was placed in nomination. Two of the conferees of this county went over to Osborn which assured his nomination. An effort was then made to make the choice unanimous but it was not agreed to by the Clinton county men.

Mr. Osborn is an able man and will make an able senator. He will receive the cordial support of all good republicans and be a credit to our district in the State Senate, His election is a foregone conclusion and our friend, Heinle may as well save his time and money.

The tariff issue will enter largely into the controversy. The Democrats will be able to show that the extension of foreign trade which has been forging ahead in spite of the hampering restrictions of Dingleyism cannot reach the proportions made possible by the outcome of the war unless duties on imports are cut down to a strictly revenue basis.—St. Louis "Republic."

Duties cut down to a strictly revenue basis would mean the removal of all duties save those on articles not produced in the United States. That is the exact principle and operation of the Tariff for revenue only. It will be interesting to note whether the Democratic party has the hardihood to conduct the campaign of 1898 on such an issue as this.

The London Spectator argues that a Nicaraguan Canal is now imperatively needed by the United States, and that its construction will be of great advantage to the whole commercial world. This is one of the important questions of the day.

The Sandwich Islanders estimate women by their weight. The Chinese require them to have deformed feet and black teeth. A girl must be tattooed skyblue and wear a nose-ring to satisfy a South Sea Islander. African princes require their brides to have their teeth filed like those of a saw.

Married.

At the Evangelical parsonage at Bellefonte, Pa., Sept. 14, 1898, by Rev. C. H. Goodling, Mr. James W. Raymon and Miss Mary E. Houser, both of Linden Hall, Centre county.

ROOSEVELT WAS CHOSEN.

The Rough Riders Leader is the Republican Nominee.

BLACK'S MAN NEVER IN IT.

Chauncey Depew Places the Ex-Secretary's Name Before the Convention in an Excellent Speech.

OTHER NOMINATIONS MADE.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept., 29.—By a vote of 753 to 218 Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was chosen the Republican nominee for Governor of New York over the present incubent, Governor Black. The nomination was then made unanimous.

Other nominations made were:

For Lieutenant-Governor, Timothy L. Woodruff, renominated; Sect. of State, John T. McDonough; Camptroller, William J. Morgan; State Treasurer, John B. Jaeckel; Attorney-General, John C. Davies, State Engineer, Edward A. Bond. All but Davies were nominated by acclamation.

The following were appointed to be an Advisory Board for the State Committee: Thomas C. Platt, Chauncey M. Depew, Frank Hiscock, Edward Lauterbach and Frank S. Witherbee.

The delegates were rather slow in entering the convention hall. A banner bearing a portrait of Colonel Roosevelt was carried into the hall and was loudly applauded. Ex-Minister to Spain Stewart L. Woodford was greeted with hearty applause.

At 12:14 Mr. Platt entered the hall. Somebody saw him as he came through the door and started applause, which finally became general.

At precisely 12:25 Chairman O'Dell rapped for order and Rev. Dr. Johnson, of Saratoga, was asked to offer prayer. Following the prayer, Louis F. Payne entered with his delegation passing Mr. Platt without recognition.

The roll of delegates for substitutes and corrections was called. While it was being called Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff entered the hall and was greeted with the heartiest cheer of the day, the roll call having to be delayed.

Congressman Sereno E. Payne was chosen temporary chairman and escorted to the platform. He addressed the convention as follows;

When we met two years ago we were on the eve of a great national struggle. The issues then were the most momentous ever presented to the American people. The Populists had captured the Democratic organization at Chicago and had entered upon a savage warfare against law and order, the maintenance of public faith by ample revenues and a safe and stable currency. Every lover of law, every friend of national honor and every foe of a debased currency entered the contest against this new combination. We nearly overturned the popocratic majority in the United States Senate; we triumphantly elected a Republican House of Representatives and we placed in the White House a wise and patriotic statesman, William McKinley.

—On Tuesday, Sept. 20th, Mr. Wm. Noll and Miss Cora Twitmire were married by their pastor, Rev. Stewart, at Pleasant Gap. Both these young folks are well and favorably known in Bellefonte where they have a host of friends, who wish them all the joys of married life. The Pleasant Gap band rendered them a rousing serenade at their plessant home at the Gap, Monday evening.

ARKANSAS Populists in the off year of 1894 cast 24,041 votes. The total this year is 8,310. The missing ballots are not found in the Democratic aggregate of 1898. They seem not to have been cast at all. The returns show that the fusion of 1896 is at an end.

—The axe factory at Lamar which has been closed for some time will this week resume operations.

THOSE CUBAN PROBLEMS.

The Colonial Government is Taking a Hand.

ON TERMS OF EVACUATION

Co-operating With Spain—If it Insists on Bringing in the Cuban Debt and Tariff Questions American Commissioners Will Call a Halt.

THE QUESTION OF TRANSPORTATION

WASHINGTON, September 23.—Official dispatches from Havana received by one of the embassies here confirm the reports that the colonial government of the island is taking a hand in shaping the terms on which the evacuation shall be executed. This, it is believed here, may develope some new phases in the situation in Cuba. The colonial government was established by Spain shortly before the war broke out, there being a cabinet of five officers in Havana and a legislative body with two houses. It carried out in a measure the long pending plan of giving Cuba home rule by means of an autonomous government, but while in name autonomous, it was contended by the insurgent element that genuine home rule was lacking and that this colonial regime was a continuance of Spanish domination.

It appears, however, that these colonial authorities are taking a very active part in the present negotiations and that there is more or less co-operation between them and the Spanish government. This creates a condition in which the United States must deal not only with Spain but with those who claim to represent the island itself, free from Spanish control. The colonial, or autonomous administration is very thoroughly organized and can exert much influence. It established a regular legation in Washington prior to the war with several prominent men of Havana on the staff. It numbers in its ranks, much of the wealth of Cuba and claims to stand for the educated classes as against the insurgents and illiterates. This makes two distinct Cuban classes:

The autonomists who are co-operating with Spain, and the insurgents who are opposed to Spain.

It now seems clear from the official as well as the press reports from Havana and Madrid that the autonomist element is taking up the claim first advanced by Spain that many incidental questions as to Cuba must be settled before the evacuation begins. But the view among government officials here is that the Cuban autonomists as well as the Spaniards have no question to advance or settle before evacuation is determined upon. The time and place of evacuation is looked upon by the authorities there as the only point involved and there is likely to be a rude awakening if the pro-Spanish element, either as autonomist or as native Spaniards, insists upon bringing in the determining of the Cuban debt, future forms of rates of tariff and many other subjects preliminary to evacuation. The American commissioners, according to the understanding here, will insist on a strict adherence to the protocol for an immediate evacuation of the island, and if need be, will submit an ultimatum against taking up subsidary questions on Cuba's future.

While the Cuban colonial government is thus combining with the Spanish government in bringing forward these incidental questions, yet the opinion was expressed yesterday by a high diplomatic officer, based on recent advices from Havana, that a serious issue would be averted and that the actual evacuation of the Spanish troops from Cuba would begin within the next month. But it appears that the evacuation will cover a much longer time than has been anticipated. There are some 100,000 Spanish troops in the island, Allowing 1,000 men on a transport and a vessel leaving every day it would take 100 days or over three months for the evacuation. But the vessels are not available for a trip every day for 100 consecutive days, so that the time for departure would probably far exceed three months.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

—The casting of their ballots by the Pennsylvania troops at Manila on the 8th of November will be a forerunner of the exercise of popular rights heretofore unknown in Asiatic politics, but which is bound to accompany the stars and stripes wherever they may be permanently unfurled. The old Keystone state will have the credit of introducing popular suffrage in the dark regions of the orient.

"How Do I Look?"

How frequently a woman asks this question! How much thought and study she devotes to it! It is natural. A woman hates to think that she is growing day by day less charming and attractive and youthful to her husband's eyes than in the days of courtship.

A woman may always retain her charms and the vivacity and freshness of youth if she will take the proper care of her health. A tremendous percentage of ill-health in women is due to weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is an unfailing remedy for all disorders of this nature. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration, stops debilitating drains and soothes and tones the nerves. It preserves in a woman all the charm of healthy youth. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits.

"Favorite Prescription" is sold by all respectable dealers in medicines. Deal only where you are honestly treated. Any storekeeper who tries to give you a substitute for what you demand is not treating you honestly and you should take your trade elsewhere.

"For nine years I have suffered with falling of internal organs," writes Mrs. Mary Williams, of Raleigh, Wake Co., N. C. (Box 196). "I was troubled with bearing down pains. I had indigestion and female weakness and nervousness. I could not sleep at night. I was constipated and had urinal trouble. The doctor here said that no medicine would reach my disease. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant 'Pellets' have cured me."

An every-day necessity in the home. A good home medical work. Send 21 one-cent stamps, to cover mailing only, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., for a paper-covered copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Cloth binding 31 stamps.

BRIEF MENTION.

—A handsome brass plate sign has been put up on the corner pillar of the First National Bank.

—Mrs. Garis, of near Pleasant Gap, widow of the late Charles Garis, color sergeant of Co. B, is lying in a critical condition with typhoid fever.

—Mr. John Noll has been awarded the contract for the mason work in connection with the rebuilding of Gov. Hastings' home.

—The repairs to the vault in the Register and Recorder's office have been completed, and the Court House put in shape for the special term of court this week.

—Hon. James K. Polk Hall, of Elk county, has been nominated for congress by the Democrats of this district, defeating Col J. L. Spangler of this place.

—Undoubtedly the largest apple we have seen this season was shown us the other day by Emanuel Brown. It weighed one pound and five ounces.

—Mr. James K. Barnhart, one of the obliging clerks in the 1st National Bank, is the proud possessor of a bouncing baby boy which arrived at his home Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. It weighed nine pounds.

—Wm. R. Jenkins, the inventive genius of the Jenkins' Tool Co., has a new hatchet in his mind's eye and expects to have a patent granted for the model that has been made. There is a cast iron hammer and socket portion, into the latter a steel blade being inserted and riveted. The advantage of the new idea is in producing a cheaper hatchet and one in which new blades can be placed, whenever needed.

"Let parents not live for their children but with them." The mother should allow no false modesty to stand in the way of her daughter's knowledge of herself, of her possibilities, of her perils. For over thirty years Dr. Pierce has used his "Favorite Prescription" as a strengthener, a purifier, a regulator. It works directly upon the delicate, distinctly feminine organs, in a natural, soothing way. It searches out the weak spots and builds them up. A woman who would understand herself should send 21 cents to the World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y., for Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, a book of 1008 pages.

—The new mill of the Phoenix company has been finished and is now one of the most complete in every detail of space, machinery and arrangements of any mill of its size in the United States. Where the old mill had a capacity of about 140 barrels a day the capacity of the new mill is 200 barrels. The company began receiving grain on Tuesday and will have the mill in full operation this week. Wash Irvin will be head miller for the company.

—On Tuesday afternoon, a quintet of men, whose ages aggregated 358 years, sat in a row in front of John Anderson's. They were Col. D. S. Dunham, aged 70, Samuel McMutrie, 69, Simeon Haupt, 71, M. Brouse, father of R. S. Brouse, 69 and Wm. Eckley, 79.

—Mr. Henry D. Lyon, formerly of this place, was married to Miss Alice Zehnder, of Danville, on Wednesday, Sept. 28th, at 11 o'clock a. m, The ceremony was performed in St. Paul's Methodist church in that place. Miss Zehnder is said to be one of Danville's most charming girls and Mr. Lyon's many friends here will be delighted at his good fortune in having won her.

MAJOR PARKE ON TRIAL.

Did He Refuse to Receive the List of Patients?

WILL LAST FOR SEVERAL DAYS

Troops Being Exercised to Get Them in Good Physicial Condition.—Much of the Discontent is Fast Disappearing.

ANOTHER PRIVATE SOLDIER DEAD.

CAMP MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, Pa., Sept. 23.—Major Charles R. Parke, of Scranton, is being tried by general court-martial, at the headquarters of Major General Davis, for alleged refusal to receive descriptive lists of patients delivered to the Second division hospital. Parke was arranged yesterday morning on charges preferred by Major Stringfellow, of the Fourth Missouri, and the trial will probably continue several days.

General Gobin and Captain Norris counsel for the accused, objected to Captain Avis, of the Second West Virginia, and Lieutenant Mattison, of the First Rhode Island, acting as assistant judge advocates. They contended that these officers had not been regularly detailed to assist Judge Advocate Rankin, of the Second Tennessee, and were sustained by the court.

Capt. Kalbach, assistant surgeon of the Second West Virginia, chief witness for the prosecution, testified that he furnished descriptive lists of patients sent from his regiment to the Second division hospital while Major Parke was surgeon in charge and that they were returned by the ambulance driver. Similar testimony was given by other witnesses, although none would state positively that Parke has refused to receive such lists. The major's friends believe he will be acquitted and restored to his former position of executive officer of the Second division hospital.

George W. Hoffman, private company H, Second West Virginia, Tunnelville, died of typhoid fever yesterday morning at the Red Cross hospital. Chief Surgeon Girard is having stoves placed in the field hospitals and is making other arrangements to make the sick and nurses comfortable during cold weather. The Red Cross nurses have presented Colonel Girard with a dressing gown as an evidence of their cordial relations.

The Seventh Ohio started yesterday for Columbus to be mustered out at the expiration of a thirty-day furlough. This completes the movement of troops from camp until the final departure for the West Indies and Philippines. The Fourteenth Pennsylvania expects orders to muster out, and there is a strong probability that the regiment will be ordered to Pittsburg within a fortnight. Privates Charles Kinkade and Pervis Grimes, company B, Seventh Ohio, were arrested yesterday by the civil authorities for assaulting a Middletown hotel man and damaging his property.

The mornings at camp are being largely devoted to setting up exercises for the purpose of getting the men in good physical condition for duty in sub-tropical climates. There is also more than usual attention being given to loading and firing and skirmish drill, as it is thought that whatever service may have to be performed in the newly acquired possessions will be in the nature of mobs and preserving order in cities and towns. The certainty of being sent to distant shores has had the effect of removing much of the discontent that prevailed in many of the regiments over the refusal of the war department to muster them out.

—In an interview at Waynesboro, S. G. Bilyeu, the famous peach grower, after whom a variety of peaches has been named, gave out the startling information that, in his opinion it is only a matter of a few years when the whole peach belt from Waynesboro to the Potomac will be mowed down by the yellows.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. sep-16t

Priceless Pain

"If a price can be placed on pain, 'Mother's Friend' is worth its weight in gold as an allevistor. My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a mother," says a customer.

Thus writes Henderson Dale, Druggist, of Carmi, Ill., to the Bradfield Regulator Company, of Atlanta, Ga., the proprietors and manufacturers of "Mother's Friend." This successful remedy is not one of the many internal medicines advertised to do unreasonable things, but a scientifically prepared liniment especially effective in adding strength and elasticity to those parts of woman's organism which bear the severest strains of childbirth.

The liniment may be used at any and all times during pregnancy up to the very hour of confinement. The earlier it is begun, and the longer used, the more perfect will be the result, but it has been used during the last month only with great benefit and success.

It not only shortens labor and lessens the pain attending it, but greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child, and leaves the mother in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery.

"Mother's Friend" is sold by druggists at $1.00, or sent by express on receipt of price.

Valuable book for women, "Before Baby is Born," sent free on application.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

America's New Possessions.

How the United States will administer its new possessions and how large those possessions will be, continue to be the subject for considerable speculation in the European newspapers. David Christie Murray writes:

"The republic has drawn upon her shoulders the mantle of empire, and has taken the sceptre of empire in her hands, and has set upon her head the crown of empire, and the whole world knows that it is the richer for the fact. It is one of the most momentous historical happenings of modern years, and is full of good augury for the progress of the adaptive and inventive spirit of the land we know well already. That she will conform herself to her new duties, all men who are really acquainted with her people are assured beforehand."

What's the Trouble?

Is it Sick Headache—Is it Sluggish Liver—Is your skin sallow?—Do you feel more dead than alive?—Your system needs toning—Your Liver isn't doing its work—Don't resort to strong drugs—Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 10 cents for 40 doses, will work wonders for you,—19.

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

Presbyterian Fair.

A fair will be held in the chapel of the Presbyterian church in Bellefonte during the first week of December next, by the ladies of the church, for the benefit of the mite society. All the ladies of the church are earnestly requested to prepare fancy articles, as well as any other articles which would be either attractive or needful in the home. All articles are to be sent to Mrs. James H. Potter, Spring street. Let every one feel it a personel duty to contribute to this object. Donations from any source will be gratefully appreciated by the committee.

—The Mahanoy City American says that there is now at Hazelton a Morman missionary who claims to have made 1500 converts in Luzerne, Schuylkill and Lackawanna counties during the last two years. The name of the missionary is given as James Lewis and it is said that he will build a Mormon church at the lower Luzerne capital if he can raise sufficient money.

It would be interesting to know by means of what argument Mr. Lewis succeeded in making that many converts. Freedom of religious worship is guaranteed by the constitution of the United States and the State of Pennsylvania, but polygamy in public or secret is absolutely prohibited.

Perhaps by interviewing some of the converts the newspapers of the counties named might get at the facts. That would seem to be a part of their present duty.

United Brethren Conference.

The Allegheny conference of the United Brethren church, to which Bellefonte is attached, held its 60th annual session at Braddock Wednesday, and was attended by Rev. Allen Rhen and others from this place. The sessions continued until Sunday evening.

The Allegheny conference is the most important of the church. The denomination is one of the youngest in the United States. It had its start in the eastern part of this State. The Allegheny conference numbers about 115 ministers; its boundaries extend from Harrisburg on the east almost to the Ohio State line, on the west. The conference is divided into three sections: Altoona district in the east, Johnstown district in the centre, and Greensburg district in the west. The communicants within the conference number about 28,000 or 30,000.

Bishop E. B. Kephart, recently returned from Africa, where he was located for about 35 years, presided at the session.

POOR UNHAPPY SPAIN.

Rios Says They Should Not Blame Each Other.

THEY ALL WERE RESPONSIBLE.

Admiral Cervera Has Returned to Spain and Multitudes Were There to Cheer Him.—Captain Eulate of the Viscaya Refused Absolutely to Talk.

GENERAL TORAL INSULTED BY A MOB.

MADRID, Sept. 22.—Senor Montero Rios, president of the senate, and president of the Spanish peace commisson, in an interview, published yesterday is quoted as saying:

"It is a painful spectacle to see politicians on all sides trying to throw on each other the blame for disasters, the responsibility for which rested on all parties. I, personally, have always favored autonomy for Cuba, Spain being unable to forcibly maintain, her sovereignty at such a great distance."

Continuing Senor Montero Rios said: "It is useless to speak of our disasters. Has not the country accused all our governments of exhibiting too much weakness towards the United States? What Spain wanted was a man ready to sacrifice himself and who recognized the impossibility of war with a powerful nation, especially after years of useless "conflicts with insurgents."

Gen. Austin, the former captain-general of the Philippine islands, has arrived at Victoria, capital of the Spanish province of Alava, about thirty miles south of Bilbao. It is said that he looks ill, and is reticent concerning the recent happenings at Manila. The general, however, admitted that he contemplated surrendering before the capitulation actually took place. He also praised the army eloquently and expressed the hope that the supreme court would pass judgment on his conduct.

The queen regent has signed the decree suspending Admiral Montero and granting pardon to the convicts who fought as volunteers in the war with the United States.

When the train conveying Gen. Toral arrived at the station at Bojar a crowd which had gathered insisted that the general should show himself. Upon his doing so the gathering loadeth him with insults. General Toral who is ill with fever, uttered a few excuses and beat a retreat in order to avoid being struck.

Admiral Cervera while at Santander, in thanking the authorities for coming on board to receive him dwelt with bitterness upon the situation of the mariners, who, upon returning after doing their duty quickly find such an unjust atmosphere of public opinion.

There are 200 cases of sickness among the passengers on the City of Rome.

El Liberal says the peace commission will be allowed wide latitude in arranging the terms of peace.

The newspapers indicate that little interest is being taken in the affair.

Santander, Spain, Sept., 22.—The Anchor line steamer City of Rome, chartered by Admiral Cervera to transport to Spain the Spanish sailors captured at the battle of Santiago who were recently released by the United States authorities, arrived here yesterday from Portsmouth, N. H., whence she sailed on September 12.

Capt. Eulate, the former commander of the Spanish cruiser Vizcaya, and the other Spanish naval officers landed and were mistaken for a party of which Admiral Cervera was a member. The latter was still on board the City of Rome, but a crowd of people followed the officers and cheered for Admiral Cervera.

Capt. Eulate refused to make any statement for publication declaring he reserved what he had to say for the court-martial.

Later Admiral Cervera came ashore and dispatched a dispatch to the queen regent, after which he started on his way to the capital.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Wear Royal Worcester Corsets.

FOR SALE BY LEADING DEALERS.

—In McClure's for October will begin a series of papers by Capt. J. E. Brady, U. S. A., relating his own rare experiences and adventures as a railroad telegraph operator and train-dispatcher. The papers will be illustrated by W. E. Stephens, who illustrated the stories from the real experience of a railroad man which H. E. Hamblen contributed to McClure's last winter.

Good Goods, Well Advertised.

Going the rounds of the press is an item stating that the Royal Baking Powder company is the largest advertiser in America. Of course, the business itself must be an enormous one to justify so great an expenditure in publicity. There is no fallacy more dangerous than that success can be gained by advertising an article of indifferent merit. But, giving an article of the highest quality like Royal Baking Powder which when the housekeeper has once used she finds if she desires the best food she cannot do without, then the greatest measure of success is attained by keeping it continuously before the public. Great merit and good advertising are both essential to make a product a great success. The Royal Baking Powder possessing the first, its proprietors have wisely used the second and the result is apparent throughout the land. The Royal company believe there is no medium for advertising like the newspapers, since in these enlightened days everybody reads them.

In Scribner's for September episodes of the Santiago Campaign are given in brief and exciting narratives. Edward Marshall the heroic correspondent who insisted on dictating his account of the fight while supposed to be dying on the field, is now in a New York hospital and has written his recollections of the Guasimas fight. What it means to be shot and to be in a field hospital expecting death has never been presented so feelingly before. What most affected Mr. Marshall was the unselfishness and kindness of other wounded men around him.

Another correspondent, J. E. Chamberlain, of the New York Evening Post, was in the thick of the fight and describes "How the Spaniards Fought at Caney." It is a generous recognition of what so many officers in the regular army have commented upon—the brave fighting of the Spaniards in the trenches.

Published by Charles Scribner's Sons, New York City.

—McClure's Magazine for Oct. will contain an account of "The Fight for Santiago," written by Stephen Bonsal. Mr. Bonsal was the special representative of McClure's in the field during the war, and was all through the fighting before Santiago. Moreover, he is a recognized authority on the Cubans and all Cuban affairs. His paper will be illustrated largely from photographs taken by himself and from drawings by W. J. Glackens, the special artist of McClure's with the army of invasion.

Col. Bryan's Request.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Col. William J. Bryan, Third Nebraska volunteers, accompanied by Gov. Holcomb and Representative Stark, yesterday called at the White House where they were cordially received by President McKinley and remained in conference with him for more than an hour. They did not prefer a request for the mustering out of the regiment as a whole, but only for the discharge of such of its members as are disabled by disease or have peculiar calls upon them. They represented that there were about 20 per cent. of the members of the regiment ill, and they urged that these should be relieved and sent to their homes, where most of them would speedily recover. The President gave careful attention to all that was said, and talked sympathetically with his callers concerning the condition of these men, but he made no positive promise as to the course he would pursue.

The Stomach's Woes.

Are pleasantly and positively healed by Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets. They act upon and digest the food, prevent fermentation and all distresses of the stomach. Eminent physicians have noted their sterling merit and the wonderful cures wrought right in their own practice and prescribe to relieve and cure. 32 cents.—20.

Sold by J. N. & J. S. Krumrine.

WINNIE DAVIS passed away just at the time when the heroes and prominent characters of the recent war are obscuring those of the civil war.

Welcome News

Any information that tells how sickness and disease can be overcome is the most welcome news a paper can print. Although this is an advertisement, it contains facts of more vital importance than anything else in this newspaper.

It tells of a medicine known for over thirty years as ***Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.*** It is a medicine that purifies the Blood, and restores the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs to vigor and strength. Its principal ingredient is not alcohol. It does not ruin men's and women's lives by causing intoxication and fostering the appetite for strong drink.

Favorite Remedy cools and purifies the blood. It is not like the many "bitters," "compounds" and "tonics," now so widely sold, which heat and inflame the blood, doing more injury than good.

Favorite Remedy cures troubles of women just as certainly as it cures troubles of men. It restores the Liver to a healthy condition, and cures the worst cases of Constipation. It cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes and Bright's Disease.

"My complaint was Stone in the Bladder. Physicians said my case was hopeless, but ***Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy*** cured me."—D. H. Hoag, Lebanon Springs, N. Y.

Sold in all drug stores for $1.00 a bottle. One teaspoonful is a dose, and you will experience relief long before first bottle is taken.

Sample Bottle Free! Every person troubled with any of the ailments mentioned above is offered a chance to try ***Favorite Remedy*** without any cost whatever. Send your full post-office address to the Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y., and a free sample will be sent you. Please say you saw the advertisement in this paper, so we may know your request is genuine.

HUMPHREYS' ANIMAL SPECIFICS.

A. A. CURES	FEVERS, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES	SPRAINS, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES	EPIZOOTIC, Distemper.
D. D. CURES	WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES	COUGHS, Colds, Influenza.
F. F. CURES	COLIC, Bellyache, Diarrhea.
G. G.	Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES	KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES	MANGE, Skin Diseases.
J. K. CURES	BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. Veterinary Manual Sent Free.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VITAL WEAKNESS
and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5
Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

You Risk Nothing

by giving our brush a trial. If you do not find it to be as represented after six months' use, bring it back and we will refund the money.

What can be fairer?

Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Brush

IS WARRANTED TO CURE

Nervous Headache in 5 minutes! Bilious Headache in 5 minutes! Neuralgia in 5 minutes! Dandruff and diseases of the scalp! Prevents falling hair and baldness! Makes the hair grow long and glossy!

Prices No. 1 Hair Brush, $1. No. 2 Hair Brush, $1.50. No. 3 Hair Brush, $2. No. 4 Hair Brush, $2.50. No. 5 Hair Brush, $3.

Quality the same in all; the price differs only according to size and power.

For Sale at Druggists and Dry Goods Stores.

Ask for Dr Scott's; take no other; or we will send on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage, and if you are not well satisfied with your bargain, write us and we will return the money.

"The Doctor's Story," a valuable book giving information concerning all our goods, sent on request.

Agents Wanted. Quick sales. Liberal pay. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GEO. A. SCOTT,
842 Broadway, N. Y.

Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

Central State Normal School

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Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. State aid to students. Send for catalog.

JAMES ELDON, Ph.D., Principal.
Central State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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War with Spain!

Reliable War News

IN THE GREAT

NATIONAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER

Furnished by Special Correspondents at the Front.

The New York WEEKLY TRIBUNE

RELIABLE — WAR NEWS

Will contain all important war news of the daily edition.

Special dispatches up to the hour of publication.

Careful attention will be given to Farm and Family Topics, Foreign Correspondence, Market Reports, and all general news of the World and Nation.

We furnish the New York Weekly Tribune and your favorite home paper,

THE REPUBLICAN,

BOTH ONE YEAR FOR $1.50

Send all orders to THE REPUBLICAN,
Bellefonte, Pa.

CHARGED WITH DELUSIONS

It Is Alleged That Bourgogne's Captain Was of Unsound Mind.

HE HAD A PRESENTIMENT

Allegations Is Made That the Company was Aware of the Fact Before the Terrible Disaster.

BIG SUIT FOR DAMAGES BROUGHT

New York, Sept. 24.—Several damage suits growing out of the Bourgogne disaster have been filed in this city, and in one at least judgment by default has been rendered which the defendant, the French Steamship line, has petitioned shall be set aside that it may plead. Petitions have been filed in the Surrogate's Court for the purpose of having administrators appointed for the estate of various persons who lost their lives when the Bourgogne sunk.

These petitions indicate the purpose of relatives of the unfortunate passengers on the French steamer to bring other suits for damages. In England the Court of Queen's Bench has asserted jurisdiction in pending cases against the owners of the Bourgogne, and announced its intention of asserting jurisdiction in any other case that may be instituted before it.

A conference was held today between the attorneys interested in pending cases or in cases to be brought against the French line. This conference was held in the offices of Kenneson, Crain & Alling, attorneys in the first and test case brought in this city.

Asa A. Alling has just returned from London, where he went to consult with Lowless & Company, English solicitors, representing the owners of the sailing vessel Cromartyshire, which was in collision with the Bourgogne. Mr. Alling has brought back with him much new testimony bearing upon the cases in which his firm is interested.

He has a copy of a deposition made in the office of Lowless & Company by one of the rescued passengers of the Bourgogne who declares that illness had taken him to the deck of the steamship an hour before the accident. He says that the Bourgogne was plowing through a dense fog bank at full speed. He heard the foghorn of the Cromartyshire several minutes before the accident, and is positive that the speed of the Bourgogne was not slackened after this warning had been sounded. The French vessel, he says, was afloat an hour after the collision, and but little effort was made by officers or sailors to save passengers.

Oscar Henderson, master of the Cromartyshire, in a statement made to one of the owners of the ship, which will be brought out as evidence, says that sailors came aboard the Cromartyshire from the Bourgogne with their clothing absolutely dry, indicating that no effort was made to assist those who were struggling in the water.

In the suit brought by Adrian Raymond for damages to the amount of $30,000 for the loss of his wife, Adele Raymond, a petition has been filed in court in which the remarkable statement is made that Captain *De*loncle, of the Bourgogne, was of unsound mind at the time of the collision. It is asserted in the petition that Captain Deloncle's mind was filled with delusions, which fact, it is alleged, was proven to his employers.

One delusion—some people may call it a presentiment—was that the Bourgogne was going to meet just such a disaster as finally came to her, and that he would be lost with his ship, being utterly unable to render assistance to his passengers. Of this delusion it is said Captain Deloncle often wrote to his friends, and it came to be a matter of general knowledge among his intimates that he was constantly expecting a disaster. The loss of his son had further unbalanced his mind, it is asserted.

In the petition filed in the Raymond suit the French company is charged with neglecting to provide adequate bulkheads, adequate and properly constructed lifeboats, and with swinging lifeboats improperly. It is further charged that the pumping apparatus of the Bourgogne was inadequate, and that the officers, crew and engineers were careless and incompetent.

Had the ill-fated steamship remained near the spot where the disaster occurred, it is said, the Cromartyshire would have rescued many who were afloat wearing life preservers. If the French company had hurried a rescue vessel out when news of the disaster first reached port lives might have been saved, it is also alleged.

The Heart Must Not be Trifled With.

Where there are symptoms of heart weakness, there should be Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, it's a magical remedy, gives relief in thirty minutes, and there are thousands who testify that it cures permanently. Mrs. W. T. Rundle, of Dundalk, Ont., says: "I was for years unable to attend to my household duties. I used Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, the result was wonderful, the pain left me immediately after the first dose, and a few bottles cured."—16.

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Delicate Children

They do not complain of anything in particular. They eat enough, but keep thin and pale. They appear fairly well, but have no strength. You cannot say they are really sick, and so you call them delicate.

What can be done for them?

Our answer is the same that the best physicians have been giving for a quarter of a century. Give them

Scott's Emulsion

of *Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites.* It has most remarkable nourishing power. It gives color to the blood. It brings strength to the muscles. It adds power to the nerves. It means robust health and vigor. Even delicate infants rapidly gain in flesh if given a small amount three or four times each day.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

THE BEST WORLD.

When a feller sort of packs his traps an' goes away from home,
Whar the birds are allus singin' an' the honey's in the comb—
Whar the sunshine is the brightest an' the heart beats all in tune,
An' life's as sweet in winter as in rosiest days o' June—

No matter how the skies look—ef they're jest as bright and blue
As the eyes with which your sweetheart twinkled messages to you—
You'll find 'em growin' misty with a haze on field an' plain,
An' your eyes'll sorter twinkle an' the lids'll hide the rain.

So, packin' up fer leavin' sorter makes you fumble roun'
Fer handkerchiefs to dry the tears that will come tricklin' down!
An' though you say it's foolishness, the world's so wide to roam,
An' the best world fer a feller is the little world at home.

—Atlanta Constitution.

See a lot of young girls in another column with their garments tucked up treading grapes in a Quinto village of Portugal during the wine making season. The practice is kept up to this day. Speer of New Jersey, however, uses rubber rollers and makes the most superior wines of the world.

Cevera Tells Some Truth.

Madrid, Sept. 23.—Admiral Cervera, who arrived here yesterday, said he had clear conscience regarding Santiago. Nations, he said, grew great by their victories and not by their defeats, however glorious they might be. Spain had lived in a dream and she now had to face reality. He added that his warships were not destroyed in battle, but by fire. Gen. Toral, the Spanish commander who surrendered at Santiago, has also arrived here. He is sick in bed.

The marked coolness of Admiral Cervera and his officers toward the minister of marine, Senor Aunon, is much commented upon. Aunon and his staff, in uniform, met Cervera and his party at the railroad depot. The admiral halted before the minister, saluted and said stiffly: "I am at the orders of your excellency. I shall present myself at the ministry today, as is my duty." The admiral then started to leave, after embracing Capt. Eulate, former commander of the Vizcaya, and his other commanders. The minister of marine offered the use of his carriage to Cervera but the latter declined to accept it.

A PROSPEROUS FUTURE.

Young George Gould has returned from Europe with a head brimful of ideas. He says:

"The crops are good. The railroads making money. Business everywhere seems to have gained new life. I am sure that all things financial are on a high way to opulence."

Of course. But could Mr. Gould have said these things under the Cleveland administration? The mills were closed then, the railroads were reducing their freight trains, and the country was in a terrible state financially. Since the Cleveland administration the mills have been opened, the railways are running every freight car, and business has increased to a very large extent. What more need be said? The country is prosperous, and the promise is for even greater prosperity.

There is an election this fall, and Republicans and Democrats will contest with each other as of yore. But where is the business man who was conversant with the conditions under Cleveland and who knows the conditions today and who will cast his vote to overthrow the McKinley administration?

—Coal shipments over the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain railroad for the week ended Sept. 17 were 42,711 tons, an increase of 2,674 tons compared with the same week a year ago.

Arnold is Renominated.

Hon. William C. Arnold, of DuBois was renominated from the Twenty-eighth congressional district at the republican conference held at Ridgway Thursday. But one ballot was taken. John M. Dale, of this place was chosen chairman. The conferees from Clearfield, Centre and Clarion voted for Arnold; Elk for Dollivar and Forest for Cook.

Senator Quay Requests an Investigation.

Washington, September, 24.—The postal officials have directed one of their representatives to conduct an inquiry into the charges made recently in the political speech that Senator Quay had sold postoffices in Lehigh county, Pa. Second Assistant Postmaster General Shellenberger says the official records show no evidence of irregularity in the appointment of postmasters in the county referred to. The inquiry is made at the request of Senator Quay.

Expect a Great Deal for Nothing.

A county superintendent in a neighboring county asked every teacher at the county institute who took their local or country paper to hold up their hands, and only six responded. The superintendent expressed great surprise and said: "You don't spend a dollar a year with those papers, yet you expect them to print free of charge notices of all institutes, insert long programs, expect them to advertise you, thus assisting you to climb the ladder to a better position and salaries without paying a cent in return."

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

—Samuel Sheffer & Son grocers, have leased the building formerly occupied by B. C. Achenbach and will occupy part of it as a store room. They will build an addition which will extend from the room formerly occupied as a bakery back to the ice house. They expect to occupy the room by the first of January 1899.

Wanted—Several trustworthy persons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafied, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. 509-16t

Col. Picquart is a man who weighs his words carefully, according to rules of judgment and honor, and who has the full courage of his convictions, says the New York Tribune. His statement in court yesterday concerning the possibility of his being murdered in prison is therefore not to be dismissed lightly. The notion that the forger Henry did not kill himself, but was done to death by those who feared his further confessions, has been widespread, and has not yet been by any means discarded. The men who would conspire to send an innocent man or a man whose guilt was not proved, to Devil's Isle on the strength of forgeries would scarcely hesitate at mere murder.

Wine Making in Portugal.

In great emergency when all the men are demanded in the vineyards, women are called to assist in wine treading. Our correspondent saw young women wearing their own garments which they skilfully gather up around them until they assume the biggest and most abbreviated of Dutchman's "britchen" costumes, while in the winery.

THIS IS A SCENE IN THE VILLAGE OF QUINTAS, PORTUGAL.

An improved method of mashing by machinery is adopted At the Speer Oporto Grape Vineyards, PASSAIC, N. J. by which a barrel of grapes a minute is dumped in the hopper, that feed two large rubber rollers, between which the grapes are crushed.

The Port Wine from Speer's Vineyards beats the world for its valuable medicinal qualities. None put on the market now, until nine years old. **Weakly persons, Invalids, Females,** and **Aged persons,** should always have a bottle in the house. If properly used it will restore health and prolong life. It is by all odds the Wine for weddings, social entertainment and family use.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS WHO DEAL IN HIGH GRADE WINES.

The longest span of telegraph wire in the world is in India, over the river Kistna. It is over 6,000 feet in length.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

The one sure cure for The Kidneys, Liver and Blood

Professional Cards.

D. H. Hastings. W. F. Reeder.
HASTINGS & REEDER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 14-1y-12

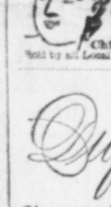
A. A. Dale,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Crider's Building, corner Allegheny streets, Bellefonte, Pa. 24-19-1f

Clement Dale,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in Crider's new building corner of Allegheny and High streets 10 45

Hugh S. Taylor.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
No 24 Temple Court. All manner of business attended promptly.

DO YOU DESIRE FRAGRANT BREATH AND PEARLY TEETH? YOU CAN HAVE BOTH BY USING GREEN'S AROMATIC ANTISEPTIC TOOTH WASH PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE AT GREEN'S PHARMACY.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.



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Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, ALWAYS RELIABLE. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper.
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

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Gives a specialized Bread-winning Education.
FOR CIRCULARS ADDRESS,
P. DUFF & SONS, 244 Fifth Avenue, PITTSBURG, PA.

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in the Garden State of Delaware, near all the large markets of the country. Only 5 hours from New York, near Rail Roads, School and Post Office. High rolling lands, no hills or stones, rich soil, mild healthy climate, only short distance from sea shore, plenty of fishing and hunting. $10 down, balance in small monthly payments. Send for our paper which gives full information. **Delaware Land and Improvement Company,** 11 Broadway, New York City.

HAIR HEALTH

Never fails to Renew Youthful Color and Life to Gray Hair.

Use DR. HAYS HAIR HEALTH. Covers BALD spots. Stops dandruff, hair falling, scalp diseases.

Don't stain skin or linen. Absolutely harmless.

Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

Best HAIR GROWER DRESSING for Men, Women, Children. If your hair is FALLING, FADING or TURNING GRAY, try at once DR. HAYS HAIR HEALTH.

Only 50 Cents Per Large Bottle.

Prepared by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 563 Broadway, N. Y., who will send it prepaid, together with a case of R. HAYS KILL COUGH, the sure and instant 10c. CURE, upon receipt of 50c.; three bottles for $1.00. AT ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

DON'T ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES RELIEVED INSTANTLY. Common Sense Ear Drums. Whisper heard. Send for Book of Proofs. F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, N. Y. Mention this paper.

The Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum.

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

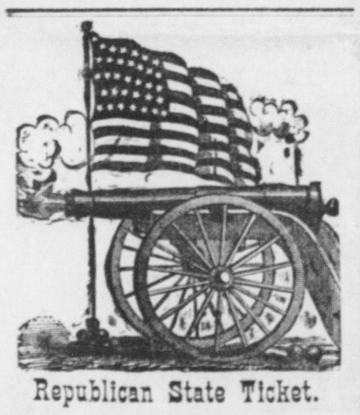
EDWARD T. TUTEN.

A CONTEST TO DEFEAT THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

In closing an address to the people of Pennsylvania, Chairman Elkin, gives utterance to the following eloquent and patriotic sentiment which every true Republican should heed and act upon at the coming election.

"It might as well be understood now that this is a contest to defeat Republican supremacy in Pennsylvania. The organization is prepared to defend the party from all these reckless and malicious attacks. It is our purpose to labor for the success of the whole Republican ticket, county as well as state. It is our desire to uphold the administration of President McKinley, and we feel the necessity of returning the greatest possible number of Republican congressmen for this state. It is also important that a Republican United States senator should be returned from Pennsylvania. With a new governmental policy growing out of the issues of the war we should see to it that Pennsylvania is represented by straightout Republicans in both houses of congress.

"In conclusion I desire to say that I shall not enter into any competition with Mr. Wanamaker in defaming the state of which I am proud to be a citizen, besmirching the good name of its people in the eyes of the country. I prefer rather to exalt and glorify it within all proper bounds of language. God has blessed its hills and valleys with matchless resources, above and under ground, far beyond Golconda and the Klondike, and the genius and industry of its people have developed it into an imperial domain. I prefer to look at it with eyes unjaundiced by any disappointed ambition, and to think of it as it is, the home of education and integrity, morality and religion, rather than to proclaim it as a breeding ground of iniquity, whose people choose habitual criminals as their representatives to enact their laws and administer their public affairs."



Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVENOR
WM. A. STONE,
Of Allegheny.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
J. P. S. GOBIN,
of Lebanon.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JAMES W. LATTA,
of Philadelphia.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPERIOR COURT.
WILLIAM W. PORTER,
of Philadelphia.
WILLIAM DAVID PORTER,
Of Allegheny.

FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT,
of Erie.
GALUSHA A. GROW.
of Susquehanna.

Republican County Ticket.

CONGRESS.
W. C. ARNOLD,
DuBois.
STATE SENATOR.
W. A. OSBORN,
DuBois.
LEGISLATURE.
J. A. DALEY,
Curtin.
E. F. TOWNSEND,
Philipsburg.
PROTHONOTARY.
A. C. WILLIAMS,
Huston.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

"A PERFECT FOOD—as Wholesome as it is Delicious."

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S

BREAKFAST COCOA

"Has stood the test of more than 100 years' use among all classes, and for purity and honest worth is unequalled."
—Medical and Surgical Journal.

Costs less than ONE CENT a Cup.
Trade-Mark on Every Package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.,
TRADE-MARK. Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26th 1898

The managers of the democratic party are afraid to indorse the absurd charges that individual democrats have been making concerning the conduct of the war. The Campaign Book issued by the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee, which is supposed to state the party's attitude on all the issues of the campaign, does not even mention these charges. This shows as plain as it can be shown that the democratic managers know that before election the Commission, which has already begun the work of taking testimony, will have made it perfectly plain to everybody that there was nothing in the general conduct of the war that was not creditable to the republican administration.

Nothing could show the attitude of President McKinley towards the investigation of the conduct of the war, just started, more fully than his own words to a member of the investigating commission: "I feel that the American people have committed these boys to my hands, and if anybody has wronged them I want to find it out." The following gentlemen compose the investigating commission: Gen. G. M. Dodge, of Iowa, chairman; Col. J. A. Sexton, of Illinois; Captain E. P. Howell, of Georgia; Maj. Gen. J. M. Wilson, U. S. A.; Hon. Chas. A. Denby, of Indiana; ex-Gov. U. A. Woodbury, of Vermont; ex-Gov. J. A. Beaver, of Penn.; Gen. A. D. McCook, of N. Y., and Dr. P. S. Conner, of Ohio. It has not yet been decided whether the commission will do all its work in Washington, summoning such witnesses as may be able to give information, or will later visit some of the camps. There is work enough to keep them in Washington for awhile, anyway. Daily sessions will be held, and work pushed to a conclusion as rapidly as possible.

Hon. Binger Herman, Commissioner of the U. S. Land Office, who represented an Oregon District in the House for twelve years, thinks the republican gains in the extreme West, this Fall, will surprise those who accept the apathy in Maine and Vermont, which resulted in a large stay-at-home vote, and a consequent reduction of republican majorities, as representing the general condition of the republican party. Mr. Herman has recently returned from an extensive trip through the West, and his knowledge of the people and conditions in that section, make his judgment trustworthy. He said: "This country has fought with brilliant success, a great war since President McKinley's election. The West, fired with enthusiasm over our territorial acquisitions in the Pacific, and enjoying an era of great crops and a plentiful money supply, will be heard from emphatically in November. I think the casting up of votes out there will be a surprise to nearly everybody."

The conference of Governor Holcomb and Col. Bryan, at Washington, has added to the belief of the republicans that Nebraska is coming back into the republican fold this year. The following, from Mr. E. P. Meyerhoff, is a fair sample of the talk of Nebraska republicans seen in Washington: "There is a very decided decline in the free silver sentiment in Nebraska, and I do not think the State could be carried again on that issue. Mr. Bryan, too, I think, lacks a great deal of having his former popularity, and many men who voted for him in '96, would not support him if he should again head the democratic ticket." It is believed that Gov. Holcomb told Col. Bryan that he feared the republicans would carry the State, and that if they did, his chances for again heading the democratic presidential ticket would not be promising.

Nothing more than amusement is felt in Washington about the story that Aguinaldo, the head of the Philippine insurgents, intends to drive our army out of the Philippines and turn the islands over to Germany. Admiral Dewey and Gen. Otis are not men to be driven by any country's soldiers, and the idea of their being driven by the rabble which composes the insurgent army, is too ridiculous to be entertained for a moment, and that Germany has any idea of openly assisting the insurgents in any movement against the Americans is not at all probable.

Nothing official has been given out on the subject, but it is known that the request of the Spanish Military Commissioners to make a six months' job of evacuating Cuba, has been very positively refused. The Spaniards have been courteously but firmly told that the evacuation of Cuba must begin not later than October, and must be completed before the end of December. It is probable that a considerable body of American soldiers will be in Cuba before the first of November, and that the entire army of occupation will be there by the first of December.

Capt. R. W. Austin, U. S. Marshal for the Eastern District of Tennessee, now in Washington, said of public sentiment in his state: "The most popular man with Tennesseans is President McKinley, whose course in the war won for him the approbation of men of all parties. The idea of retaining every acre of conquered territory is favored in our state. The opening up of Cuba and Porto Rico will be of immense advantage to the South, for it will give us a splendid market for our coal and iron, flour and other products. To a man we are in favor of building the Nicaragua canal, the construction of which will add millions to the revenues of the Southern States.

Facts to Remember.

Not only is the American manufacturer holding his own market under the Dingley Tariff law, but he is pushing his goods into all the markets of the world at a rate that must be astonishing to those who claim that a Protective Tariff would cause our manufacturers to lose all their foreign trade.

It was generally known long before the Bureau of Statistics could foot up the figures and announce the grand total, that our exportation of agricultural products during the last fiscal year was largely in excess of any single year in the history of the country, and it is not known that our exportation of manufactured articles during the last fiscal year exceeded that of any other year by nearly $12,000,000, and reached in value the enormous sum of $288,871,440, and, what is still more gratifying, our imports of manufactured articles during the same period were unusually light, showing that our manufacturers have recovered control of the market which they partially lost under the low Tariff law enacted by the Democrats, as well as increased their foreign trade.

These are the sort of facts that will have to be forgotten before the people of this country vote the Democratic party back into power; they are also the sort of facts that speak for themselves and need no labor argument to make them understood. —"Anne Arundel (Annapolis Md.) Examiner."

THE LARGER HALF.

The Same in Bellefonte as Elsewhere

The bigger half of worldly trouble.
The greater part of mankinds' suffering,
Can safely be laid to the kidneys.
Kidneys filter the blood.
Keep the human system healthy.
But they can't do this when they're sick.

Easy to tell sick kidneys.

Look to the back for the note of warning.

Most backache pains are kidney ills.
Twitches, twigs, pains and aches of a bad back.

Should be treated promptly.

Every days delay means future trouble,
Urinary complications set in diabetes, bright's disease:

Doan's Kidney Pills are kidney specialists.

Cure every form of kidney ills.

Proof of this in Bellefonte testimony.

Mr. H. B. Shaffer, of Howard street, Tinsmith, says: "I was much troubled with backache and a lameness just over my hips and when I took cold there was always a difficulty with the kidney secretions. The lameness in my loins was very inconvenient for I could not move quickly without having sharp twinges through me and if bending forward I could hardly straighten up again. I learned about Doan's Kidney Pills and procured them from F. Potts Green's drug store and took them. I do not remember if I took a whole box or not but I do know that they banished the pain and lameness and I have not had any of those terrible backaches since I used them."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo. N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

BONES OF COLUMBUS.

Removed From Their Niche to Be Sent to Spain.

A MONUMENT WAS PROMISED

The Price Was Included in the Cuban Budget, a Sculptor Was Put to Work. But the Affair Was Never Finished.

MAY BE ERECTED ELSEWHERE.

HAVANA, September 27.—The remains of Christopher Columbus which Monday morning were removed from their niche in the cathedral preparatory to their shipment to Spain, had laid in their late resting place since, January 17, 1796, when they were brought from Santo Domingo, that island having been ceded to France by Spain.

Since the date mentioned the remains had laid in an open niche in the wall of the presbytery of the cathedral, a yard and a half above the ground but not a pillar supporting the main arch and the choir.

In 1892 there was placed in front of the niche, a slab, of double artistic taste, representing on relief a bust of the great admiral and bearing the inscription in Spanish "May the remains and image of the great Columbus lie a thousand centuries preserved in this urn and in the remembrance of our nation."

After the 400th anniversary of the discovery of the New World by Columbus, the Spanish cortes included in the Cuban budget large sums for the purpose of erecting a fitting monument symbolizing the travels of the discoverer, to be placed in the most conspicuous place in Havana and the construction of a mausoleum to hold his ashes, this mausoleum the work of the Spanish sculptor, Melida, was brought to Havana and placed upon a base erected in the centre aisle of the cathedral, close to the main door.

The monument, the work on which was entrusted to the sculptor Sussila has not come and probably never will come to Havana. It was to have been paid for by an appropriation included in the budget of the island but circumstances have overturned the plans made on the occasion of the celebration of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America and it is probable that both the monument and the mausoleum will be placed in a fitting place where they will be looked upon as one of the treasures of the Spanish nation.

The Truth About Maine.

The presistent attempt of the enemies of the administrations to make it appear that there is something abnormal or ominous in a republican plurality of only 25,000 in Maine in an off year deserves rebuke by all honest political arithmeticians.

The fact is that during the past thirty years says the New York Sun in the selections corresponding with that of last Monday, that is to say, in the elections for governor midway between presidential years, only once has the republican plurality in Maine exceeded 20,000. That once was in 1894, the momentous year of reaction against Clevelandism.

The figures show how big a republican victory has been won in 1898 by the Hon. Joe Manley:

	Plurality.
1870	9,500
1874	11,937
1878	15,115
1882	8,872
1886	12,619
1890	18,893
1894	38,978
1898	25,000

The object of hostile comparisons made exclusively with 1894 is to misrepresent the political situation in Maine, and to counterfeit signs of a reaction which does not in truth exists in that quarter.

Twenty-five thousand is a tremendous republican plurality, even in Maine.

Over 100 Years Old.

Clergymen hereabouts will be interested to read that Rev. Wesley Bakely, of Keystone, W. Va., has celebrated his 107 birthday. He has preached 7,763 sermons, baptised 6,023 persons and married 1,817 couples.

A WAR INQUIRY BOARD.

Ex-Governor James A. Beaver of this Place is a Member.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—President McKinley has finally secured the nine men for the commission to investigate the conduct of the War Department and different bureaus. The commission was completed Saturday with the selection of former Governor James A. Beaver, of Pennsylvania, and Dr. Phineas Conner, a distinguished physician and surgeon of Cincinnati. All, with the exception of Dr. Conner, met at the White House Saturday, where a conference was held with the President.

The eight who were present were: Major General Granville M. Dodge, of Iowa; Colonel J. A. Sexton, of Illinois; Captain E. P. Howell, of Georgia; Major General J. M. Wilson, Chief of Engineers of the United States Army; Charles Denby, of Indiana, former minister to China; ex-Governor Urban A. Woodbury, of Vermont; ex-Governor James A. Beaver, of Pennsylvania, and Major General A. McD McCook, of the army (retired).

The appearance of Judge Beaver as a member of the commissidn was a surprise as his selection was not known until he appeared at the White House at the beginning of the session.

The commission spent an hour and a half with the President and then proceeded to the room assigned it at the War Department for the purpose of organizing and beginning work.

The commission organized by electing General Granville M. Dodge chairman and Richard Weightman secretary. Major Mills, of the Inspector General's office was made recorder of the commission at the request of President McKinley.

The commission adjourned about 1:30 Saturday to meet at 10 o'clock Monday. The session was devoted to method of precedure, nothing definite being reached. It was said that probably the investigation so far as examination of witnesses would be open, but other proceedings in executive session.

The conference with the President related principally to the scope which the inquiry should take and the methods to be pursued. The President informed the members that the organization of the commission had been undertaken at the request of Secretary Alger and read a letter from the Secretary in which he made the request.

The President had put his own views in writing and read them before proceeding to a verbal discussion. In this statement he said that complaints had been directed especially at the surgeon general's, the quartermaster general's and the commissary general's departments of the army, and he suggested that the conduct of these departments should receive especial consideration at the hands of the commission. To this specific request he added that it was his desire that the entire military organization should, if it appeared necessary, be made the subject of inquiry, saying that he wished the committee to go to the bottom of the subject in all cases and proceed with its work without fear or favor.

"If," he said in the informal discussion that occurred, "the commission should have difficulty in securing the attendance of witnesses or in obtaining access to papers thought to be essential to the prosecution of its labors, I hope the matter will be brought to my attention, when I will do all in my power to overcome the difficulty. I want the commission to have a clear field and I will do all that is possible for me to do to see that it has."

The suggestion was also made to the commission that the first effort should be to secure general information in regard to the organization of the army and the time in which the work was performed. Secretary Alger's request as made in the letter read by the President was for a complete inquiry into the conduct of the war, especially on the lines of the charges published in the newspapers. He said these charges had assumed such magnitude that he did not feel satisfied to have the department rest under them, and that he desired an investigation by men eminent in military and civil life.

Dr. Nancy Guilford.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 26.—The superintendent of police announces that Dr. Nancy Guilford is responsible for the death of Emma Gill. He states that the body was dismembered in the bath tub in the Guilford house. He names Harry Oxley as the accomplice.

It will be remembered that what was left of the body of the young woman was found in the Yellow mill pond Sept. 12. Emma Gill left her home in Southington August 23. At the coroner's inquest her father and brothers identified the remains as those of their daughter and sister Several young men have been arrested on suspicion of being instrumental in causing her death, among whom was Harry Guilford, a son of Dr. Guilford.

The survey for an electric line to connect Morris, Ill., with Lake Geneva, Wis., is nearly finished. Several towns will be benefitted by the line.

On Face and Hands

Terrible Itching Sores Break Out, Preventing Rest Night or Day—How Relief Was Found.

"I have been troubled for many years with itching sores on my face and hands. I could not rest night or day and the medicine I took did not relieve me, although I tried everything I could hear of. My husband one day got me a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began taking it with the very best results. I have taken seven bottles and am now cured." MRS. JAMES MCLAIN, Mount Arlington, N. J.

"Last winter I broke out with sores on my face. They were as large as a five cent piece. I heard people say so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla that I determined to try it. In a week after I began taking it the sores commenced to heal, and in a short time they were entirely cured." ARTHUR G. TUNISON, Karrsville, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1; six for $5. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Stone Replies to Swallow.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 24.—The attention of Col. William A. Stone, the Republican candidate for governor, was called to the public letter addressed to him by Dr. Swallow, under date of September 21, as he passed through Philadelphia yesterday on his way to Williamsport and he promptly indited to Dr. Swallow the following reply:

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 23, 1898.—Rev. S. C. Swallow—My Dear Sir: My attention has been called to a published letter, dated September 21, and addressed to me in which you challenge joint discussion upon what you claim to be the issues in this campaign. I am not surprised that you have omitted prohibition as an issue, but I am surprised that the prohibition party which nominated you upon that issue, should so soon forget the purposes and objects of their organization, and follow you in a crusade which entirely ignores prohibition. You challenge me to discuss twelve declarations or charges upon the stump. All of your twelve declarations charge crimes and misdemeanors which may be severely punished under the laws of the State.

"You do not name the offenders, nor the time when these crimes and misdemeanors were committed, but claim to have knowledge of them and to have evidence to substantiate them. I have no such knowledge except your unsupported statements, which you have heretofore made, but have been unable to sustain in the courts. If you have such knowledge of crimes committed and have such evidence, it is your duty not only as a good citizen, but as a Christian minister, to lay the evidence before the grand jury of your county. The witnesses you propose to call in the joint debate will be sufficient to obtain an indictment if they are sufficient to convince an intelligent audience of the truth of your charges.

"That is the proper tribunal to hear and determine the truth of these charges and that is the proper course for you to pursue instead of undertaking on the stump to prejudice the people against candidates whom you do not charge with committing the crimes or with knowledge of them. I have, therefore, taken the liberty to refer your letter to the district attorney of Dauphin county, where you reside, for such action as he may take in the matter, assuring you that if I am elected governor of Pennsylvania I will heartily co-operate in all cases to bring guilty parties to justice and punish all crimes against the State.

"Yours truly, WILLIAM A. STONE."

Cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa.

Playa Del Este, Guantanamo Bay Cuba, September 27.—The wrecking company engaged under Lieutenant Hobson in the work of saving the wrecked Spanish warships has succeeded in floating the cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa. The cruiser after being gotten afloat was taken in tow by the cruiser Newark, the Scorpion and the Alvarado, proceeded for Guantanamo bay, where she arrived last night. The succeesful issue of the attempt to float her was greeted with the blowing of whistles, the firing of national salutes and by cheers in which the Cubans joined, disturbing the noon siesta.

Off Siboney the barometer and the wind indicated the approach of a hurricane and the towing power was increased.

The Newark, under Captain Goodrich, rendered valuable assistance in the work of saving the Maria Teresa The cruiser is being put in condition for her trip north by the repair ship Vulcan.

COL. PICQUART is a man who weighs his words carefully, according to rules of judgment and honor, and who has the full courage of his convictions, says the New York Tribune. His statement in court yesterday concerning the possibility of his being murdered in prison is therefore not to be dismissed lightly. The notion that the forger Henry did not kill himself, but was done to death by those who feared his further confessions, has been widespread, and has not yet been by any means discarded. The men who would conspire to send an innocent man or a man whose guilt was not proved, to Devil's Isle on the strength of forgeries would scarcely hesitate at mere murder.

St. Louis companies are said to be included in a deal for the consolidation of all the plug tobacco factories in the United States.

INSPECTED BY GOV. LOWNDES

The Governor of Maryland Visited Camp Meade.

WAS MET BY GOV. HASTINGS

Governor Lowndes Was Delighted With the Location of the Regimental Camps and the Arrangements Made for the Care and Comfort of the Men.

RECEPTION TENDERED GEN. GRAHAM

CAMP MEADE, Middletown, Pa., Sept. 28.—Governor Lowndes visited the camp Tuesday and found nothing to condemn. The governor made a careful inspection of the various regimental camps, especially of the First Delaware, and was delighted with their location and the arrangements which have been made for the care and comfort of the men. He was accompanied by Mrs. Lowndes and daughter, Adjutant General Wilmer and his friends. The party was met at Harrisburg by Gov. Hastings, Adjutant General Stewart and Secretary Beitler and escorted to camp.

An informal reception was tendered Major General Graham yesterday afternoon by Gov. Hastings at the executive department. The General went to Harrisburg with his aides, Lieutenants Sumerhole and Graham, to return the call made upon him ten days ago by the executive. Secretary of the Commonwealth Martin and other state officials were present at the reception, and both were guests at a dinner given at the executive mansion by Governor and Mrs. Hastings in honor of Governor Lowndes' party and General Graham. The general will probably return the compliment by giving a review in Hastings' honor before the troops break Camp Meade.

In the event the troops should remain here during October they will be supplied with large conical tents and stoves. Secretary Alger will decide this week what shall be done with them. Chief Quartermaster Howard has wired the war department that he must know in order to provide against cold weather. His answer was that nothing would be done until Secretary Alger's return from his tour of the southern camps.

Major Joseph Weaver, of Norristown, was relieved by Major Jackson as surgeon in charge at the Second division hospital and will at once report for duty as chief surgeon of the Second division.

Should Receive Early Attention.

If Congress will pass a bill to give the same Protection to American shipping that it does to American manufacturers and farmers and mechanics, there will be profitable business for the investment of the millions now going abroad at low rates of interest. We shall eventually save the three hundred millions now annually being paid to foreign ship owners for carrying our foreign trade, besides building up the greatest industry in this country—shipbuilding.

It would be no more difficult to build up American shipbuilding and give to our people the profits of our carrying trade than it was to build from nothing the tin plate industry which now supplies the country and has almost entirely shut out the foreign product.

Section 22 of the Dingley bill was intended to do this work, but it was faultily drawn. However, the Elkins bill, or any similar enactment, providing for discriminating duties in favor of goods carried in American bottoms, would do the trick. Something in this line should receive the early and earnest attention of Congress. All sections of the United States are interested in the success of such a measure, but none more so than the Pacific Coast States.—Tacoma "Ledger."

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, O.

Ely's Cream Balm works like a charm; it has cured me of the most obstinate case of cold in the head; I would not be without it.—Fred'k Fries, 283 Hart St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

Veteran of the Civil War Dead.

LANCASTER, Wis., Sept. 26.—General John B. Callis, a veteran of the civil war, died Saturday night. At the close of the war General Callis was sent to Huntsville, Ala., as assistant commissioner of the freeman's bureau, and latter was elected to congress from that district. While in congress he introduced the original resolution on which was afterwards based the celebrated Klu-Klux Klan bill which resulted in rooting out that terrible organization.

AXE MANN.

Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel White and Mrs. Elsworth White spent several days last week at Spring Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ott of Bellefonte visited over Sunday with friends at this place.

Mrs. William Hoover returned home on Tuesday after spending a couple of weeks visiting friends in Lewistown.

Mr. Oliver Hazel a private in Co. B arrived home on Tuesday from Altoona hospital where he has been confined for some time, he is much improved.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. George Glenn died on Thursday Sept. 22 and was buried in the Union cemetery at Bellefonte Saturday morning.

The Royer farm now occupied by Mr. Emanuel White was bought a short time ago by James and Mordica Williams for $6,000.

Mrs. Bradley returned on Sunday after spending 7 weeks with her children at Clearfield.

We are glad to state that Mrs. Charles Garis is some better at this writing we hope she will soon be around again.

Mrs. Grant Ginghery and children of Lock Haven have been spending the last two weeks visiting friends at this place.

HOWARD ITEMS.

Mr. Elmer schenck returned home from the woods where he had been working.

Our friend Mr. William Long arrived home on Saturday evening from Clearfield.

Mr. Robert Hunter, of Bellefonte, was a visitor here this week.

Miss Jennie Orndorff, of Nittany Valley, is visiting at the home of Wm. P. Lucas, on Main street.

Mrs. Dr. L. R. Hensyl transacted business at Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Miss Maud Hopkins left on Tuesday for Harrisburg where she will become a trained nurse.

Our borough dads are making preparations to put in a new brick crossing on Walnut street.

Master Johnny McCallion, son of Jefferson and Clara McCallion, died on Friday morning. He was aged ten years and had been suffering from some skin disease for the past year, his eyes being swollen shut the greater part of the time. He was buried on Sunday at 10 a. m. Funeral services were conducted by the Rev. J. R. Sechrist; interment in the Howard cemetery.

The reception that is to be held for Co. B on Friday promises to be one of the greatest gatherings that Howard ever had at least everybody seems to expect it. Co. B will be here, also Post No. 95, G. A. R., of Bellefonte, the Undine band, Post No. 302, of Blanchard; Post No. 261, of Milesburg; Post No. 90, of Philipsburg, together with the different societies of this place. The speakers will be Hon. Judge Love, D. F. Fortney, Rev. A. P. Wharton, Rev. Manley. Rev. Sechrist, and our brave Captain, H. S. Taylor. There will be refreshments served on the ground. The parade will form at 10:30 a. m. A good time is expected. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The ladies of the United Evangelical church will hold an oyster and ice cream supper on Saturday evening, Oct 15th; also an oyster supper on the evening of Thanksgiving day.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the United Evangelical church hereafter will hold their regular monthly social on the third Saturday of every month during the next year.

Ideal Conditions.

The inference is plain that this large decrease in purchases abroad must have been offset by increased expenditure and production at home.—New York "Times" Freetrade.

Is it not well? And if well, must there not be some virtue in an economic policy which decreases the volume of purchases abroad, increases the volume of sales abroad to the highest figure ever known in our commerce, and also increases expenditure and production at home? Are not these ideal conditions of commerce, industry and finance? What nation of the earth can making a similar showing? Is it wise, sensible or patriotic to fight the party and the policy by which these conditions are brought about?

A Coming Congress of Mothers.

WASHINGTON, September 26.—A congress of mothers, under the auspices of the national organization, will be held in Omaha, October, 8, 9 and 10, by invitation of the Trans-Mississippi exposition. All interested in the movement are invited to attend. There will be ameeting in Omaha of the national board of managers at the close of this congress.

—Officials of the Bellefonte Academy have forwarded to acting Secretary of War Meiklejohn, an American flag for presentation to some educational institute at Manila.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

Endeavorers Meet.

Those who intend going to the State Christian Endeavor convention will find it to their advantage to write to J. N Hetrick, Lancaster, Pa., the Christian Endeavor Union's transportation agent, and enclose a stamp for an order entitling them to a ticket at one fare for the round trip. He should be witten to at once. This applies to those who live in the Cumberland Valley as well as all other parts of the State

The card orders issued for a one and a third rate are of no value for obtaining this new rate of one fare for round trip, ticket, but new card orders must be procured.

The Entertainment Committee have ample provisions for all who may come but those who write to Mr. Chas. S. Meek, chairman, will get the most convenient locations at the one dollar a day rate.

The Evangelistic Committee wish all who will help in the evangelistic work to report to them in the reception hall as soon as they arrive.

The Convention begins Tuesday, October 4th, and continues through Wednesday and Thursday. The programme is one of the best ever prepared for a religious gathering, many of the speakers being of national reputation.

Sanitary Kneading Boards.

Wooden kneading boards are declared unsanitary. In their place in the modern kitchen are found heavy marble or glass trays, which are more easily kept clean. The molding board is now declared to be one of the places where close inspection is needed by housewives who appreciate the ubiquitousness of germs and microbes. Indeed, some of the housewives who have made domestic science their hobby will not allow dough to be kneaded at all by hand, but insist that the same process, or very nearly, can be accomplished by a large spoon. Just watch your domestic scrape the dough off her hands after she has been kneading it, and you will never want any more bread kneaded by her hand, says one of these up-to-date housekeepers. Doubtless even with the marble tray the beating with the spoon would be more satisfactory and the bread equally light.

The Sheriff Surprised.

True to his promise William Hollar who about a month ago escaped jail, and afterwards wrote to Sheriff Black that he would return in time for trial turned up at the prison Friday. The sheriff was greatly surprised. Hollar nonchalantly remarked: "I said I would be back, and here I am."

Hollar is charged with robbing the Nuremburg store and postoffice. He broke jail with Stephen Mensinger, another prisoner. Then he wrote back to the sheriff that his wife was sick and needed his support, but that he would put in an appearance for the Sept. term of court. A posse sent out failed to find track of him.

A Unique Claim.

A unique claim has just been paid by an English fire insurance company. The claimant was sitting on the sea front on a bank holiday with his trousers turned up. A little ash from his pipe dropped into the tuck thus formed and burned a hole. After inspecting the garments the company paid for a new pair, the claims being under a general fire policy.

Let it Go On.

It has been the Free-Trade contention that other countries will not buy from us, or at least will buy less, if our Protective Tariff reduces the amount we buy from them. Free-Traders claimed that the Dingley Tariff is that kind of a measure and must have that kind of an effect. But we are selling more to foreign countries to-day than we are purchasing from them—just what the Republicans promised in 1896. Let the good work go on, keep the Republicans in power and enlarge our foreign trade, and let the nation grow rich by reason of the prosperity that comes to us through sound economic policies.—Burlington "Hawkeye."

Republican, N. Y. Tribune $1,50

DAY OF ATONEMENT.

How it is Observed by the Hebrews.

The stores of Hebrews in Bellefonte Monday were closed in observance of the Day of Atonement. The holiday began at sunset Sunday evening and closed at sunset Monday evening.

The Day of Atonement is the tenth day of the seventh month of the Hebrew calendar. The month is called Tishri, and is observed in accordance with the divine command and found throughout Pentateuch, especially in the twenty-third chapter of Leviticus, wherein it is declared that the day shall be one of the most holy convocations. At dark of the second day the four sounds of the ram's horn announce the conclusion of the fast, Yom Kippner, as the fast is known to the Hebrews, means total abstention from food and drink and a continuous exercise while it lasts. During this period all kinds of festivities are avoided which might in any way reflect on the observance of the feast. Weddings, however, can be celebrated as usual.

All classes of Hebrews, the reformed as well as the orthodox, join in observing the Day of Atonement, and it is more popular today, especially in the United States, than it has been at any former period. There is on this holy day a general cessation of secular labor among the Hebrews.

Make it an Open Fight.

In the last Presidential campaign the Democratic party, seeing before it complete defeat, on its Tariff record, sought to avoid the inevitable by giving the place of prominence to the silver question. No device, however, could save the party whose elevation to the control of the Government had brought destruction to American industries and suffering to American homes; no devices could save the party which had saddled on the country the infamous Wilson-Gorman bill. The people knew it for the same old Free-Trade party whose success at elections had always been followed by disaster to the American people: and it was buried out of sight by the avalanche of votes cast for McKinley and Protection.

In view of the attempt of the Democratic party, in 1896, to blind the people to the fact that the question of Protection or Free-Trade was at issue between the parties, it is interesting to note that Hon. L. F. McKinney, the contestant in the First Maine District for Speaker Reed's seat in congress, made the Tariff the sole issue of his recent campaign. If this is any indication of the policy to be pursued by other Democratic candidates for Congress, in other States, the friends of Protection have no need to worry. It is always easier to fight in the open, and with the issue drawn squarely between Protection and that elusive, chameleon like "Tariff Reform," there is no doubt of the outcome. The country wants no more Free-Trade and no more "Tariff Reform" of the Cleveland-Wilson-Gorman type.

Tragic Ending of a Fete.

One of the attractions of the past week at the Pittsburg exposition has been a mimic reproduction of the battle of Manila by Capts. George J. Adams, of New Orleans, and Charles Miller, of Asheville, N. C. The Spanish ships were represented by a float anchored in the river, and the assaulting American vessel by a small skiff in which the captains were rowed toward the float. The float was provided with a number of Roman candles and explosives, arranged to be fired automatically, and the men in the skiff replied in kind, the exhibition winding up with the explosion of several dynamite bombs carried in the skiff and thrown against the float, thereby sinking it. During the progress of the entertainment it is supposed a ball from one of the Roman candles fell into the skiff and fired the explosives, with the result that the boat was blown to pieces, and both men hurled to death. The boy who was rowing, miraculously escaped injury.

THE Fifty-fifth Congress has pleased the people in standing by the administration. In November the Fifty-sixth Congress will be named, and not one good reason can be given for placing it in opposition to the President.

Current Events.

NO ONE doubts that the late war promoted a universal feeling for peace, but it was expensive for Alphonso.

NOTWITHSTANDING the recent casualties in Colorado it is apparent that the Wolcotts are still very much alive and able to take not only medicine but nourishment.

Sagasta holds on bravely to a thankless task. He has done more than any other man to save Spain from anarchy, but his efforts are not appreciated.

MOST of the victors of the campaign at Santiago would be willing to fight the battle over again under similar conditions and with all its hardships.

IF nine-tenths of the Filipinos want to be annexed, what is the proportion in Cuba? Probably not much less on a full vote and fair count.

WEEKS and months continue to pass and yet there are no tidings from Gray Gables to show whether the fishing this season is good, bad or indifferent.

IF precedent counts for anything, Roosevelt will be the standard-bearer. For thirty years the republicans of New York have failed to renominate a Governor.

THE scientists have got it down to so fine a point that the bicycle hump is now described as the "Bible back." The comparison is especially true as to circuit riders.

ONE of the greatest blunders of the War Department was in furnishing the soldiers with crash suits and then mustering the boys out just as the frost is beginning to nip.

NEARLY all the liberal leaders of Spain pretend that they are glad to see their country dispossessed of its colonies. It is always well to be satisfied with what can not be helped.

Cadet Powell's name deserves to be remembered along with that of Lieut. Hobson. He was just as much a hero in the Merrimac incident as Hobson, and is quite as good looking.

OUR navy when blockading Santiago feared a West Indian hurricane more than any other visitation. One like that at St. Vincent would have damaged our fleet and driven every ship far from the blockade station.

ADMIRAL MONTOJO has been suspended and Admiral Cervera denied any form of welcome on reaching home. Spain's fighting men fare much worse than monsters like Weyler, who never get near the firing line

It was but a few years ago that Chili made faces at our navy. We have improved upon the lesson and perhaps owe Chili something for an indirect favor.

Col. Roosevelt says every state in the union was represented in the rough riders. All the stars in the flag, therefore, had a chance in the first land battle of the war and all were alike brilliant.

Lord Brassey says smoking cigarettes is the chief industry of the Spanish navy. It is clear that the smell of tobacco is far more familiar on a Spanish fleet than the smell of powder at target practice.

President McKinley's coming tour is expected to embrace quite a number of Western and Southern states. He will be welcomed as the President of the whole people and of national stature in every way.

Martin de Grody, the well-known rabbit raiser of Great Britain, is in Chicago, with a view of investigating the facilities of the industry in the United States.

Elephants have only eight teeth, two below and two above on either side. All elephants' "baby teeth" fall out when the animal is about 14 years old, and a new set grows.

There is practically no change in the miners' lockout situation at Pana, Ill., from the standpoint of victory for either the operators or miners.

Special dispatches from Madrid say the provincial councils election resulted in the return of the ministerial nominees, except at Bilbao.

Aguinaldo is more tractable and seems to be gaining wisdom. He ought to know better than to get in the way of results beginning with Dewey's victory.

It is a safe proposition that the Congress to be elected in November ought to be and will be in harmony with President McKinley.

Only nine Populists responded to a call for a state convention in New York. But Baker and Donnelly will be satisfied to escape a whitewash in the Empire State.

A textile school has been opened in a South Carolina college. The people of that state in recent years have been picking up some valuable economic ideas.

Onions Separate Man and Wife.

Robert Quinby and his wife, of Parkersburg, Va., have separated. The husband has appealed to the law to divorce him forever from his wife simply because she ate onions, contrary to his orders. Mrs. Quinby has often been requested by her husband not to eat the vegetable, and nothing seemed to irritate him so much as the odor of onions. He has left the little home on many occasions and vowed never again to return, but the love for his wife and her promise never again to eat onions would reunite them.

The husband came home unexpectedly one day last week and found the surroundings very offensive to him from the odor of the onions.

Mrs. Quinby has gone to her home in Pennsylvania and the husband will seek relief by law.

Accommodation Hack.

Mr. Geo. A. Beezer, the popular Water street liveryman, has added a new attraction to his already well equipped accommodation stables. Having added a hack which will meet all trains on the various roads centering at Bellefonte, and be at the service of all parties who may desire conveyance to any point in the city or vicinity at reasonable prices. Mr. Edward Foster has been engaged as driver for the hack, and solicits a continuance of the patronage of all his old customers as well as a liberal support from the general public. Telephone call, No 32. Any order given to Mr. Beezer over the wire will receive prompt and courteous attention. S28 tf

Many of the zinc and lead miners of Missouri voted for Bryan in 1896 in the belief that their products declined in sympathy with silver. They know better now.

In the siege at Port Hudson during the civil war 4000 union soldiers died from disease in a total of 17,000 men. That is double the whole mortality list of the war with Spain.

Gen. Blanco remarks that the Cubans were nearly pacified when the United States interferred. The Spanish word pacified must have the same meaning as exterminated.

Senator Kyle of South Dakota, has had enough of free coinage, and is back in the Republican ranks. A Republican majority in the next Senate has become absolutely certain.

Republican, N. Y. Tribune $1.50

CATARRH

Ask Your DRUGGIST for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

Ely's Cream Balm contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. Full Size 50c; Trial Size 10c at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., Newk.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE—Letters of Administration on the estate of John Kline, late of the borough of Bellefonte, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN I. OLEWINE
Administrator,
Bellefonte, Pa

s1-6t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county. Estate of Sallie Wolf, deceased: The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrator of the estate of Sallie Wolf, late of Miles township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, to and among those legally entitled to said balance, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment, at his office in Bellefonte, on Friday, October 14th, 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all persons are required to present their claims or be debarred from coming in for a share of the fund.

A. A. DALE,
Auditor,

29-3t

AUDITOR'S REPORT.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county. In the matter of the estate of Aaron Williams, late of the borough of Bellefonte, deceased. The undersigned, an auditor, appointed by the said Court to pass upon the exceptions filed, and report the same to the Court, will meet the parties in interest for the purpose of his appointment at his law office in the borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on Monday, the 17th day of October, A. D., 1898, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where those who desire may attend, or be forever hereafter debarred.

W. E. GRAY,
Auditor.

29-4t

G. H. LONG vs. JOHN EBERTS.	}	In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county. No. 228 April Term, 1898. Fi Fa No. 28, August Term, 1898.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, to make distribution of the funds arising from the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of John Ebert to and among those legally entitled to receive the same will attend to the duties of the appointment at his office, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Tuesday, October 11, A. D., 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m. Parties interested will please attend.

CLEMENT DALE,
Auditor.

vol. 29 no 39-3t.

Bellefonte Mark.

Corrected weekly by Geo... Co. The following quotations ... on Wednesday of each w...

PER BUSHEL		Ground
Wheat, new	60c	
Red Wheat	60c	
Rye	40c	Buckw
Corn, shelled	40c	Clover
Corn, ears	40c	Crimso
Oats, old	30c	See
Oats, new	20	

PRODUCE MARKET.

Corrected weekly b... Seehler

PER POUND		Potato...
Lard	6c	
Country Shoulders	6c	Onion
Country Sides	6c	
Country Hams	9c	Eggs...
Tallow	3c	
Butter	18c	

STRAIGHT FROM THE SHOULDER.

Every Wanamaker Charge Fairly and Squarely Met.

AN UNANSWERABLE SPEECH

The Chairman of the Republican State Organization Takes Up the Various Allegations and Calumnies of the Anti-Republican Bureau of Defamation, Points Out Their Falsity, and Does Not Leave a Shred of Them That Holds Together With Another.

(Special Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, Sept. 19.—The event of the week politically was the masterly arraignment of the Wanamaker defamation mill by State Chairman John P. Elkin, in a speech at Media, on Saturday. It was the formal opening of the campaign in Delaware county, and the court house was packed with people, who received the speeches of Colonel Stone and Mr. Elkin with tremendous enthusiasm. Colonel Stone devoted himself largely to a discussion of the national bearing of the campaign. The state chairman took the gloves off and spoke substantially as follows:

It a source of pleasure to appear before an audience of Delaware county Republicans. I recall with pleasure the returns received from your county at our headquarters in the city of Philadelphia on the evening of the presidential election in 1896. The returns at that time certainly entitle your county to be called the "Little Giant of the East," and I know of no good reason why you should not continue to be regarded as a stronghold of uncompromising Republicanism. In that campaign the Republican party promised if that splendid type of American citizenship, William McKinley, should be elected president of the United States, prosperity should again be restored throughout the nation. The repeal by the Cleveland Democratic administration and a congress in sympathy with him of a Republican protective tariff law and the passage of the Wilson bill resulted in the reduction of the annual output of our manufacturies about one-half, and the opportunities and wages of the laboring people were reduced in the same proportion. You will recall that the wheels of industry had stopped under the baleful influence of that administration, the marts of trade in many instances were closed, capital was idle and unproductive, and many of the wage-earners of the country marched up and down the face of this fair land begging for leave to earn a livelihood. It has now been about one and a half years since President McKinley was inaugurated. In that short space of time, however, business has revived, capital is being invested, labor is rewarded with good wages and ample employment, and the business conditions of the country from one ocean to the other and from the lakes to the gulf have steadily improved. The administration of President McKinley has already made itself felt to the advantage of our country and people in two hemispheres. Our nation is respected on the continent and in the orient as it has never been respected before. Our soldiers and sailors under the direction and patriotic guidance of the present administration have won distinction for valor and courage which have merited and received the approbation of the civilized world. Under these circumstances it would seem as though every person who voted the Republican ticket in 1896 would feel proud to continue his support of a party that had performed such valuable service to the country and the world. In that presidential contest Pennsylvania stood at the head of the column of Republican states. It was a splendid record to make under adverse political conditions, and every true Pennsylvanian is proud of it. The administration of President McKinley is now on trial throughout the country. Up to this time the state elections held have voted confidence in his administration. Oregon, off on the Pacific coast, led the way several weeks ago, and the result there has been followed by the Republicans of the Green Mountain and Pine Tree states. It is our desire that Pennsylvania shall hold fast to the position she has already attained as the foremost Republican state of the union.

SELFISH AND PERSONAL INTERESTS.

There are those, however, who, notwithstanding the glorious history of the party in the past, and its splendid achievements at the present time, for selfish and personal reasons have conspired to encompass its defeat. These people for several months past and now are going about the state making charges by innuendo and otherwise against our party in the hope that the people may be mystified and misled by their highly colored misrepresentation of facts. In my opinion the time has come when these deformed pictures of morbid imaginations should be stripped of their colorings and reduced to their real dimensions. The difficulty of combating with such antagonism to the Republican party as was expressed by a leading merchant of your neighboring city in a political harangue delivered by him at Honesdale yesterday, while still posing as a Republican, is much like that which confronts those who do battle with the devil fish. It is characteristic of this sea animal, which is composed of numerous arms and a stomach, that when it seeks to strike its prey it first clouds the surrounding waters with a foul and noxious fluid which it ejects from its own person, and under this concealment stretches out its tentacles in all directions, seeking what it may absorb into its jelly like body. Against every weapon it is as evasive as a rubber ball, and as rapidly as one grasping arm is smitten off another reaches out in its place. The only way to deal with it is either to satisfy its omnivorous appetite or to pursue it through the waters it has discolored for the purposes of its own disguise, and destroy both grasping arms and hungry stomach. I, therefore, even at the risk of being considered tedious, deem it my duty to correct what is untrue in his statements and explain what has been purposely misconstrued or misrepresented.

1. The central figure and financial promoter of the opposition to the Republican party at this time is Mr. Wanamaker, who was a candidate for election to the office of United States senator to succeed Mr. Cameron. The Republicans of the state defeated him in his aspiration for that office. He then announced and prosecuted a campaign for the Republican nomination for governor of the commonwealth. After an aggressive contest waged by himself and friends throughout the state he was defeated for the nomination.

With these disappointments fresh in his mind he attempts to defeat the party in which he so recently sought but did not receive political preferment, and now denounces the very same party leadership which he was anxious and willing to serve so long as it aided him in securing desirable offices. He and his friends have made charges of all sorts against the Republican organization.

Many of these charges were answered by me in a statement given to the public several days ago, and I shall now ask your indulgence while a reply is made to his more recent utterances. One of the charges which has been industriously circulated in every part of the state is that the regular organization of the party, in some mysterious way not apparent, has been able to get a candidate in opposition to the re-election of Hon. Charles W. Stone. I take this opportunity to say that this charge is absolutely, unqualifiedly and maliciously false. It has not the shadow of foundation in fact. It is a fabrication worked out of the inventive imagination of designing persons who do not even believe it themselves. The regular organization of the party is anxious to elect a Republican congressman in every congressional district in the state, and will spare no efforts to accomplish this result. The candidate for governor who sits with me on this stage will soon appear on the same platform with the Hon. C. W. Stone in his district, advocating the election of the whole Republican ticket. It is our confident expectation that the hands of President McKinley will be upheld in the next congress by as many Republican congressmen from Pennsylvania as now occupy seats in the national house of representatives.

HOW KAUFFMAN WAS DEFEATED.

2. It is further charged that Senator Quay or his friends in the Republican organization secured the defeat of Senator Kauffman at the primaries in his senatorial district. My answer is that he did not. If such orders had been given, as chairman of the Republican organization I would have been apprised of the fact, and I desire to state in the most positive and unequivocal language that Senator Quay never said to me, nor to anyone else, so far as I know or am informed, that he even desired the defeat of Senator Kauffman. It is a well known fact that the leaders of the Republican party in Lancaster county who made the fight against Senator Kauffman complained because Senator Quay would not take part in that contest. There is another significant fact in connection with that controversy that may have escaped his notice, and that is that ex-Senator Cameron favored the re-nomination of Kauffman, and influential friends of the latter gentleman living in his district succeeded in getting Cameron to espouse the cause of Kauffman with Senator Quay. That contest was a local one from start to finish, and the only interference from the outside was that made by Mr. Wanamaker himself, who went into the district, and in several speeches openly and aggressively supported his friend Kauffman. He may or may not know that the primaries in that district are held under the popular vote system, and the people decide by direct vote whom they prefer as their candidates for public offices. It looks to me, although in this my judgment may be at fault, that the Republican voters, or a large majority of them, in that district resented the attempted interference of Mr. Wanamaker. As a rule voters in the country districts do not take kindly to city chaps who volunteer to tell them how to vote, and I have no doubt that the Lancaster county Republicans felt themselves entirely capable of choosing their own senator without the aid of the merchant politician. At any rate a candidate was chosen by a large majority of the Republicans who took part in the primaries, and since we live under a form of government where the majority rules it is our duty to accept their decision as final and conclusive.

3. Another charge made by these political disturbers is that Senator Quay and Colonel Stone defeated the renomination of Congressman Stahl in the Nineteenth district. To this charge I reply that it is untrue. I answer in this positive manner because there is in my possession the convincing evidence that the renomination of Congressman Stahl was defeated by a barter and sale deal made by the friends of Mr. Wanamaker and in his interest. So that all may know why such a deal was made, it will be helpful to state the political situation in that district, which is composed of the counties of York, Adams and Cumberland. York is a Democratic county, Adams is close, while Cumberland often elects Republican members to the house. It was well known to the Wanamaker managers that York county could not give him any Republican votes in the legislature, while it was thought the chances of electing the two Republican members in Cumberland county were good. The candidate for congress in Cumberland county had at that time the close friendship of the two Republican candidates for the legislature. He desired the nomination and wanted the support of York county. The friends of Congressman Stahl in York county were the head and front of the Wanamaker forces. Under these political conditions the deal was started. One of the principal agents and leading representatives of Mr. Wanamaker in his campaign for United States senator consummated the deal in the city of Philadelphia. The arrangement was that York county should help nominate and elect the Cumberland county candidate for congress, and in lieu thereof, the two members from Cumberland county should support John Wanamaker for United States senator. Before the deal was consummated the two Cumberland county candidates for the legislature were required to sign a written pledge to this effect. There were other conditions connected with this transaction which I shall not mention at this time, but I trust that what has already been stated will be considered sufficient to convince any one that Senator Quay and Colonel Stone did not defeat the renomination of Congressman Stahl. For further information concerning this political deal, I refer Mr. Wanamaker to the Carlisle Weekly Herald of September 8, 1898.

ELKIN DREW THE INTEREST BILL.

4. It is further charged that the Republican organization has robbed the state for years of interest on state deposits for the benefit of the bosses and at the taxpayers' loss. This charge evidences a lack of knowledge on the part of those who make it, of the law, that cannot be overlooked in persons who hold themselves before the people as professional reformers. They speak of robbing the people of interest on state deposits when they must or should have known that prior to 1897 there was no law under which interest on state deposits could be collected. It requires a peculiar quality of reasoning faculty to justify the recklessness of an assertion that charges somebody or something with robbing the people of that which it must be admitted they never had, and which under the law they were not entitled to receive. I am at a loss to understand how any person, outside of a professional reformer or a disappointed office-seeker—and the ordinary rules of logic do not apply to such individuals—can bring himself to believe that someone has been robbed of something he never owned or had in his possession, and which, under the provisions of the law, he could not possibly own or have in his possession. Since the passage of the act of 1897, interest is charged on all state deposits and daily balances and the receipts of the treasury are correspondingly increased. It is also asserted that the present law was the work of what they are pleased to call the "76." If this is true, then the speaker must be a member of that much advertised group, for I have a distinct recollection of drawing the bill and aiding in its passage. This is not a fancy of the imagination but a real fact which will not be gainsaid by anyone who values his reputation for truth.

5. It is also charged that the Republican organization has secured federal appointments for confessed plunderers. The Republican organization does not make federal appointments. This is the prerogative of the president and his cabinet advisers, and it comes with bad grace from those who pretend to be Republicans to cast such a reflection upon their party. Do they seriously mean to contend that President McKinley would appoint, or that the United States senate would confirm, a person for public office who was a criminal or a plunderer? They show meagre appreciation of the foremost president of this generation when they suggest such a thing. The McKinley administration has been peculiarly fortunate in the selection of persons to fill federal places, and these charges shoot beyond the mark.

THE SCHOOL FUND ISSUE.

6. It is also charged that school funds are withheld from the counties, compelling the latter to pay interest on money borrowed to pay their teachers. This statement, like all the others, is made without any knowledge of the facts in reference to the distribution of the school appropriation. Of the thousands upon thousands of school districts in Pennsylvania, I venture to affirm that a dozen cannot be named, and it is in my opinion that they cannot suggest half that number, that ever paid interest on money borrowed to pay their teachers. On the other hand, I know of several districts that have money either deposited on time certificates or loaned to individuals, both drawing interest in favor of the school districts. It was not the intention of the legislature that the annual appropriation to the common schools should pay all the expense connected therewith. It was the expectation of the members of the legislature that the local school boards should provide by taxation at least half the amount necessary to support the schools.

In many districts, however, the state appropriation pays all or nearly all of the entire expense. In a district which relies almost entirely on the state appropriation, there may be some occasion now and then to borrow money to meet current expenses. It may not be generally known, but it is a fact, nevertheless, that the school appropriations are paid at the end of the school year. The appropriation is never made until the president of the school board for each district makes his annual report, which sets out, among other things, the number of children in attendance, the number of months during which the schools were open, and many other important matters required by l w. These reports cannot be made until the school year closes, and hence the necessity of withholding the appropriation until the end, instead of paying it at the beginning of the school year.

7. A friend of Mr. Wanamaker's, through the public prints a few days ago, commanded me to "stop appealing to the past glorious history of the Republican party." When one starts in to disrupt the great political organization whose history is a continuous record of noble deeds and splendid achievements, and whose efforts have accomplished so much to advance the cause of humanity and civilization, I have no doubt it is embarrassing to have these things recalled to memory. It may not be pleasant to these disappointed office-seekers to read day by day as this campaign advances, the glorious record of our party, but fidelity to the issues involved will compel the story to be told, even if it does grate harshly on their sensitive ears.

THE WANAMAKER WAR RECORD.

8. This spokesman of Mr. Wanamaker's also rushes into print to assure us that the Republican party in Pennsylvania will be defeated "by the army of American volunteers and Rough Riders who have at heart the honor of state and nation." The loyal American volunteers and courageous Rough Riders must have suppressed a smile as they read this beautiful picture of his lurid imagination. How the patriotic heart of the nation must swell with manly pride as it contemplates the efforts of Colonel Wanamaker and his obedient corporal, like knight errants of old, charging against some imagined barrier, at the head of the volunteers and Rough Riders of America. Even now I stop to catch my breath as I think of these daring and heroic military exploits. Such an exhibition of courage is in keeping with the spirit of Mr. Wanamaker and his friend during the dark days of the rebellion. The story was told by Mr. Wanamaker himself in a speech made in Bradford county when he stated that his patriotic impulses were aroused when in the prime of young and vigorous manhood he stood at the corner of Sixth and Market streets in 1861 and watched the soldier boys in blue as they marched by to the beat of the drum and the shrill note of the fife, on their way to the front in defense of their country. He assured his hearers that his heart was touched with sympathy as he saw the brave boys march by. In this connection permit me to recall that in the early months of the present year I read almost daily about the regiment Colonel Wanamaker was going to equip and rush to the service of his country. It seemed to me, from the patriotic zeal manifested in the newspapers that he would be in Cuba before the secretary of war had time to recall him. Since then I have looked in vain through the records of the war of the rebellion and the published reports of every battle of the Spanish war, but have failed to locate the gallant colonel. The story of Santiago, El Caney, Porto Rico and Manila, and the splendid courage of the Rough Riders and volunteer army of America has been beautifully and graphically told in song and story, but as yet I have failed to get even a glimpse of any account of the chivalric colonel. If injustice has been done his military record I trust in the interest of history and truth it may yet be told. The world loves a good fighter, and delights to honor a brave soldier.

9. Mr. Wanamaker complains that the state chairman has attempted to read him out of the party. In this he is equally mistaken, as he is in the other charges he so recklessly makes. The state chairman has earnestly tried to keep within the party lines every person in Pennsylvania who believes in Republican principles. I personally waited on Mr. Wanamaker and extended to him as well as to others an invitation to join in the campaign this fall. He read himself out of the Republican party by his speech at the bourse meeting when he openly proclaimed it to be his intention to take up the fight against the party in this state.

10. The unreliability of the statements made by Mr. Wanamaker is shown in the charge made against myself that the farmers of the state are not willing to follow my administration of the regular organization of the party because I was in favor of legalizing the sale of oleomargarine to the damage of the pure butter interests in the state. This is a wilful and deliberate misrepresentation of the facts. The truth is that while I represented Indiana county in the legislature in 1885, at the request of the farmers of my county, I prepared and introduced a bill prohibiting the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine in Pennsylvania. The bill was pushed through the legislature through the efforts of a few of us who represented agricultural districts. The bill became a law and has remained on the statute books ever since. If Mr. Wanamaker will take the time to turn to the Legislative record of 1885 he will discover what I had to say in the contest between pure butter and oleomargarine. That record will show that he does not know what he is talking about or is willfully misrepresenting the facts.

MISREPRESENTATIONS ANSWERED.

11. His attempt to misrepresent the facts connected with the indemnity bond is proof conclusive that he does not desire to be fair or even truthful in such matters. There wa no attempt to take money improperly out of the state treasury. A number of extra employes had been agreed upon by the governor, state treasurer, auditor general and the members acting on the state committees of the house and senate. These extra employes were doing their work at Harrisburg and were entitled to receive their compensation from time to time just as members of the legislature and their employes were. Inasmuch as there was a bad feeling in the legislature growing out of the contest for United States senator, the state treasurer did not feel willing to take the responsibility upon himself of paying the salaries of these extra employes. Most of the employes were poor men and had families to support at home. They needed advances on their salaries in order to pay board bills and take care of their families. An agreement in the nature of an indemnity was prepared and signed by a number of persons, whereby it was stipulated that the state treasurer should pay these men their salaries as they earned them. In the event of the treasurer suffering any loss the signers would be responsible for the same. It will be noticed that it was not an attempt to take money improperly from the state, but was a security to the state. No one connected with it had any interest in the matter except to serve a number of poor men whose families needed the wages of their labor.

12. It has also been charged that the state chairman contributed to the support of candidates for the legislature. As stated, it is intended to be misleading. In the campaign of 1896 there were many close contests in the congressional, senatorial and legislative districts of the state. The organization extended aid for legitimate and proper expenses in every close congressional, senatorial and legislative district. This help was extended without exacting any promises or pledges of any character. It was given in the general way to help the Republican cause. In this respect it differed very much from the aid extended to the members of the legislature by and through friends of Mr. Wanamaker. It is well known that a large amount of financial aid was extended to members of the legislature throughout the state by persons interested in his candidacy for United States senator. In nearly every instance, however, while help was extended through these channels, all candidates for the legislature were required to sign a written pledge agreeing to support John Wanamaker for United States senator. We are entirely willing that the Republicans of the state should decide who acted in the best faith, the chairman of the organization who extended help in every close congressional, senatorial and legislative district or the friends of Mr. Wanamaker, who confined their help to those members of the legislature who were willing to sign a written pledge agreeing to support him for United States senator.

13. The statement that the chairman of the Republican state committee endeavored to destroy meetings throughout the state during the presidential campaign is so false as not to need refutation. Everybody in the state knows that there never was such a speaking campaign as that conducted in 1896. We had meetings everywhere and speakers too numerous to mention.

Just another word and I have done. I cannot stop, however, without reminding Mr. Wanamaker and his coterie of disappointed office seekers, whose principal business and sole pleasure seems to be an attempt to disrupt the Republican party, that I have never been much impressed with the class of persons who stand on the street corner and in public places, proclaiming in loud tones of voice and voluble utterances their allegiance to the Republican party, but who always find some excuse for opposing its candidates. The political attitude of Mr. Wanamaker in the treatment of the party in which he has been honored recalls to my mind the story of Joab and Amasa. You will recall, no doubt, how they met before the great stone in Gideon. Joab approached Amasa with fraternal and friendly greeting, saying, "Art thou in health, my brother?" took him by the beard as if to kiss him, then, with treacherous sword stabbed him under the fifth rib. Centuries have passed since then, but history fails to record anything but censure for that ignoble act. I have answered the inane charges and insinuations made by Mr. Wanamaker and his chief henchman, not that they merit serious consideration, but because misrepresentation and falsehood unanswered mislead the people.

So far as specific charges have been made against the Republican party, I have tried to give direct answers. The trouble with most of the attacks upon us is that they are of that evasive and general character that makes them as hard to cope with as the devil fish. These disappointed office seekers cloud discussion with charges of oppressive taxation, although not one man in five hundred within the sound of my voice pays one farthing of state tax. These persons cry out against imaginary dishonesty in the administration of the state finances, although they cannot truthfully assert that one dollar was ever lost to our commonwealth by reason of the default or dishonesty of any Republican state official. I have neither time nor inclination to follow these political disturbers in their quixotic adventures, and henceforward this doughty knight can fight his wind mills in time of peace as he loves to do, and his squire, the garrulous Sancho, can hug his master's promises and dream of his island empire.

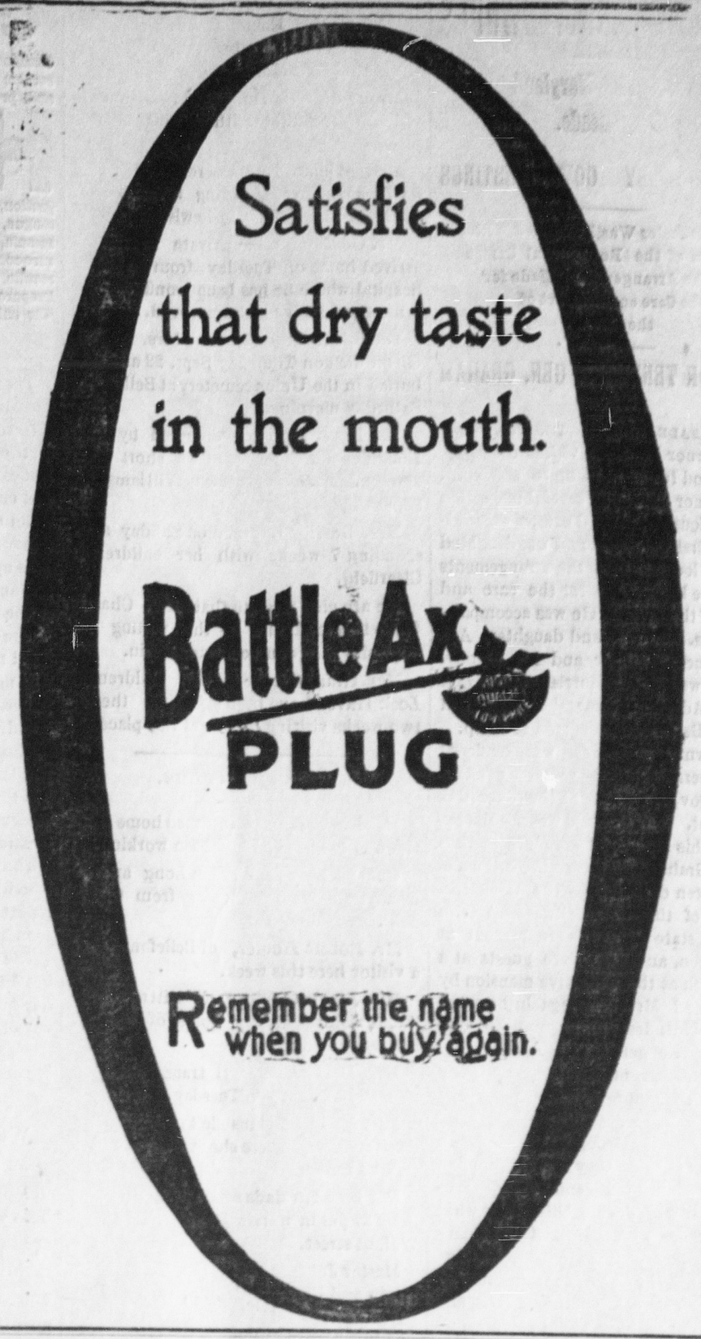
Doctored Nine Years for Tetter.

Mr. James Gaston, merchant, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., writes: "For nine years I have been disfigured with Tetter on my hands and face. At last I have found a cure in Dr. Agnew's Ointment. It helped me from the first application, and now I am permanently cured."—18.

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

THE war cost Spain $374,800,000 but if she will profit by the experience and become a better nation, she can figure on having got a bargain.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest. Dept. M. Chicago. sa6-16t



—The Democrats have opened their headquarters in rooms on the second floor of Temple Court

—The concert to be given in the Presbyterian church on September 30th will be something fine. Don't miss it.

—Col. J. L. Spangler has been appointed temporary chairman of the Democratic State Financial committee.

—The Bellefonte postoffice has a registered clock that will keep tab on the time each mail carrier takes to go over his route.

—On Wednesday afternoon the Undine band gave a most delightful concert in front of the Court House. It was highly enjoyed by all who heard it.

—With every citizen of China now guaranteed the privilege of appeal who dare say that the cause of popular rights is not marching on?

—Private Frank T. Wallace, of Co. B, who was injured by falling from the train near Columbus, Ohio, is reported to be much better and strong hopes are entertained for his recovery.

—We are glad to report that Private John Hazel, of Company B, who was left in the hospital at Johnstown, is very much improved and will soon be home again.

—Harry Taylor acted last week as express agent on the Bald Eagle Valley road in place of the regular agent who was taking a vacation. During his absence from town his duties as driver for the Adams Express Company here were taken care of by Mr, Edward Rine.

—That septimated body of a girl found near Bridgeport, Conn, has been identified for the sixth or seventh time. This time it is "positively the body of Emma Gill." In proof of this they have arrested the young man who used to pay her attention. It is now about time for Miss Gill to walk into her home and deny that she is dead.

—Sagasta has ordered the Spanish officials to delay the evacuation of Cuba all they can in the hope that some remnants of the wreck may be saved by the Paris commission. It is a picturesque policy, to say the least of it, but, oh, what a howl Spain would raise if her exit was hastened by a few bayonet pricks from the rear!

—According to the York *Gazette* "Pennsylvania has a big score to settle with this administration." Quite right, When this administration went into office about all the Pennsylvania mills and factories were idle entirely or were working on half or quarter time. The majority of them are in full blast now. We venture to predict that the people of Pennsylvania won't forget that score when they go to the polls.

The sandwich is called for the Earl of Sandwich.

THE UNDINES NEW HOME.

A Sketch of the Organization and Description of their New Building.

Work on the new building for the Undine Hose company is progressing finely. It is expected that the foundation walls will be completed by the end of this week and next week brick laying on the erection of the building will commence.

The Undine is one of the oldest volunteer fire companies in the central part of the State. Organized in 1871 with D. H. Hastings, our present chief executive as president, Col. Amos Mullen was chief, and Patrick Garrity assistant. After an existence of several years its house on Bishop street burned down and it disbanded. In 1891 it was reorganized on a firm basis and has continued ever since.

The company purchased its own fire engine, at a cost of $1,200; organized and equipped its band at an expense of $1,200, and in addition, has now about $1,500 cash in the treasury and money on interest.

The officers of the company are president, P. H. Garrity, who has occupied that official position for the last seven years; vice president, Scott Lose; recording secretary, William Smith; financial secretary, E. J. Gehret; treasurer, Joseph Beezer, chief, F. C. Walz; chief engineer, Joseph Wise; leader of band, Christ Smith.

The present building committee, on which great responsibility rests, is composed of Messrs. F. C. Walz, chairman; W. T. Royer, F. J. Gehret William Rhinesmith and Joseph Beezer.

The building, when finished, will be one of the handsomest, as well as most convenient, firemen's house in the State. The building will be of buff brick, with granite-color brick trimmings. Its dimensions, 60x50 feet and two stories high. On the street corner will be a handsome bell tower and in the rear of the building a hose tower 60 feet in height. The proposed arrangement of the interior shows remarkable judgement for convenience in the building committee. The first floor will contain an engine room 30x50 feet, with two tracks. Entrance will be through two large arch doors on Bishop street and one door in the rear on Penn street. The room will be equipped with ash dump, coal bins and storage for wood, a hose wash, etc. In addition there will be on this floor a reading room 12x18, fronting on Bishop street; in the rear of the reading room a cloak room 6x12; next a toilet room, then a large kitchen 12x16, and in the extreme western corner an engineer's room 8x12 feet. A basement will be located underneath this tier of rooms. The stairway leading to the second floor will be from the tower on the corner On the second floor at the head of the stairs, will be a hall 6x50 feet; facing Bishop street a military room 28x42 feet, with vault attached. Across the hall will be a bath room and water closet, billiard room, 12x20 feet with closet; store room 8x9, and a band room, 22x23 feet with a 4x8 vault in which to keep the band instruments. The estimated cost of the building when completed is $6.500.

Mr. Herman Miller is the architect. It is the intention to have the building fully completed by the holidays.

Death Roll of the Fifth.

The following is the list of those boys of the Fifth who have been summoned to meet the Great Commander since the regiment was mustered into the United States service:

Company B, Bellefonte—Color Sergeant Charles Garis, Regimental Bugler Frank Taylor, Private John Thomas.

Company C, Hollidaysburg—Private Joseph Robinson.

Company E, Clearfield—John T. Mahaffey.

Company F, Indiana—Private J. A. Blakely.

Company G. Lewistown—Privates F. M. Woomer, C. W. Bottorff.

Company H, Johnstown—Private G. W. Homan.

Company I, Somerset—Private Wm. E. Enos.

Company K, Wellsboro—Private Earnest Hazlett.

Company L, Clearfield—Privates H. L. Schlater and Charles Anderson.

Company M. Gettysburg—Sergeant W. I. Steffy,

All of the deaths resulted from fevers except that of Charles Anderson, who committed suicide by cutting his throat.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

DEATH OF HUGH ADAMS.

A Former Resident of Bellefonte Dies at Philipsburg.

From Friday's Philipsburg Journal we take the following:

At about noon today the people of our town were startled to learn that Hugh Adams, who has long been a resident of our town has passed to the great beyond. He had been in ill health for the past two years, but for three weeks past his condition had been such as to cause his relatives and friends grave concern, until at 12:15 his spirit took its flight to the God which gave it. He was 73 years old on the 21st of May. He was born in Ireland, and came to this country when only 18 years of age, first settling in Bellefonte. From that place he moved to Half Moon where he purchased a farm which he owned at the time of his death. At one time he operated the Beaver Mills, but has made his home in this place for the past 16 years part of the time being engaged in the butchering and mercantile business. In 1866 he was married in Bellefonte to Mrs. Hannah McDonald, of the same place To this union, three children were born, Hugh, now of Nant-Y-Glo, Claude, and Miss Ella of this city. He is also survived by his wife. He was a man well liked by all who knew him, and a member of the Presbyterian church for many years. The cause of his death is attributed to a general breaking down. He was a man of strong constitution as was shown by the way he bore up through the illness he has passed through.

CHAIRMAN JONES, of the prohibition state committee, who was in the city last night to repair blunders and promote harmony, is said to claim 100,000 votes for Dr. Swallow in Philadelphia alone. It is to be suspected that Chairman Jones is seeing double, or even triple.

BREAD, POTATOES and MILK.

A Dyspeptics daily diet.

Dyspepsia is one of the most prevalent of diseases. Thousands of people suffer from it in a more or less aggravated form. Few diseases are more painful to the individual or more far reaching in their effects on human life and happiness. What the dyspeptic needs is not local treatment, not mere temporary stimulus. The real need is the toning up of the entire system. Fortify the system and it will do its own fighting, and promptly eject any intruding disease. The success of Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla in curing indigestion and dyspepsia is due to just this quality which it possesses, of renewing the vital forces, repairing the waste and loss of the body. The ordinary treatment brings the food down to the level of the weak stomach. Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla puts strength into the stomach, and brings it up to the level of the strong food fit for men. It does this by strengthening the entire system. The stomach cannot stay weak when all the other organs are gaining strength. What Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla will do for dyspepsia is best illustrated in cases like that of M. S. Shields, Meridian, Miss. Mr. Shields had got down to the last level of dyspepsia. But let him tell his own story:—

"For years, I was afflicted with dyspepsia which gradually grew worse until I could eat nothing but bread and potatoes seasoned with a little salt, and drink only a little milk. I became so bad that a trifle too much of even these caused terrible suffering in the regions of the stomach, darting pains back of the eyes, attended with dizziness and partial loss of sight. The only way I could get relief was by vomiting. Finally I had such a severe attack that the entire left side of my body felt numb and partially paralyzed, and in this condition, I was taken to my room unconscious. The physicians failed to help me, and none of the many remedies I took did me any good. At last a friend presented me with a bottle of Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla and before I had used half of it, I could see a decided change for the better. I used three bottles and was so completely cured that for four years I have not been troubled with the old complaint, but am rugged and hearty and able to eat anything that can be eaten. It would be impossible to say too much in praise of Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and I would not give one bottle of it for a dozen of any other kind."—M. S. SHIELDS, Meridian, Miss.

Try Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla if you are dyspeptic. If you want more testimony to the value of the medicine, get Dr. Ayer's Curebook. It is sent free on request by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell.

HE BLAMES THE OFFICERS

Alger Says They Were Responsible for the Camps.

HE CONDEMNS CHICKAMAUGA CAMP

Secretary of War Says Had the Department Known the Facts Troops Would Have Left Camp Thomas Long Before They Did.

OFFICERS SENT IN GOOD REPORTS

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 22.—The secretary of war, who yesterday inspected Camp Poland and reviewed the enlisted men encamped there, made a speech to the commanding officers at Gen. McKee's headquarters during the morning, in which he fixed the blame for the sickness in the different camps through the country on the commanding officers.

After the review Gen. Alger asked that the commanding officers assemble at Gen. McKee's headquarters, and, at the latter's tent on the high eminence overlooking Camp Poland on the one side and Knoxville on the other, the secretary was surrounded by the officers and Knoxville citizens committee. He removed his hat, and in a delicate and careful manner of speech, he said:

"I came here to visit this camp for the purpose of acquainting myself with the conditions and to see for myself just how the troops are faring, and to hear from the officers any recommendations which they may think may benefit the camp.

"I want to hear what the commanders have to say about division hospitals and regimental hospitals, more especially. There has been a great deal of talk about the conditions of the camp hospitals. I want to say that had the war department been acquainted with the conditions said to have existed at Chickamauga the troops there would have been moved long before they were.

"We received only good reports at Washington from the commanding officers, and it was supposed that the outside reports were exaggerated.

The commanders of camps are responsible for the conditions of their camps, and if the men are not well cared for and if the hospital and sanitary conditions are bad the commanding officer must answer for it.

"The war department has been and is ready to supply the demands of the troops for medicines and sustenance, and there is no reason why conditions other than the best possible shou'd exist."

Secretary Alger was given an enthusiastic reception by the citizens of Knoxville and by the commanding officers of the camp on his arrival. He went from the depot direct to the camp and shortly afterwards, accompanied by his staff and and the officers of the camp all on horseback, the secretary rode over the drill field and inspected the troops. He then reviewed the grand parade, arranged in his honor, and afterwards made a speech to the commanding officers. He next visited the hospitals and regimental quarters and made a thorough inspection of the conditien of the camp and men. Gen. Alger congratulated Gen. McKee on the splendid condition of his camp, and of the troops. He expressed satisfaction with the location of the camp and the showing made by the men.

The parade at Camp Poland was witnessed by an immense concourse of people and Gen. Alger commented upon this fact. The commands in review were: The Second Ohio, Third North Carolina, Sixth Virginia, Sixth Ohio, First West Virginia, First Georgia, Fourth Tennessee and Thirty-first Michigan.

Secretary Alger and party left for Chattanooga at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon

The citizens of Raleigh, N. C., are raising a fund for a monument to the memory of Lieutenant Shipp, Tenth Cavalry, United States army, who was killed at Santiago. It now amounts to $1.800.

Republican, N. Y. Tribune $1,50

THE CANDIDATES' PLATFORM.

There are three candidates for Governor of Pennsylvania, each one standing upon his own platform,

There is George A Jenks. What is his platform? This:

Free silver; free trade; give the captured islands back to Spain. I am a Democrat, and only Democrats are capable of running the government.

Then there is Dr. Swallow. What is his platform? This:

I am the only honest man in Pennsylvania. True, I have been tried of libeling my fellow-men by a jury of citizens of my own county, but what right have judges and juries to be believed when I am the only honest man left.

The Republican candidate is William A. Stone, who went to war as a boy and fought bravely. And this is his platform:

It will be my purpose when elected to so conduct myself as to win the respect and good will of those who have opposed me as well as those who have given me their support. I shall be the Governor of the whole people of the State. Abuses have undoubtedly grown up in the Legislature which are neither the fault of one party or the other, but rather the growth of custom. Unnecessary investigations have been authorized by committees, resulting in unnecessary expense to the State. It will be my care and purpose to correct these and other evils in so far as I have the power. It will be my purpose while Governor of Pennsylvania, as it has been my purpose in the public positions that I have held, with God's help, to discharge my whole duty. The people are greater than the parties to which they belong. I am only jealous of their favor. I shall only attempt to win their approval and my experience has taught me that, that can best be done by an honest, modest, daily discharge of public duty.

There are no false pretensions here, no hypocrisy. It is a plain, straightforward declaration from an honest man, who does not find it necessary to boast of his honesty, and who believes that other men are honest, too.

How do you like it.—Inquirer.

A Great Zoological Garden.

The Zoological Society of New York propose to construct what will probably be the finest zoological garden in the world in Bronx Park, New York, and under the direction of the executive committee the plans are being fully elaborated. The society expects to open the garden to the public in a satisfactory way on May 1st 1899. While the work is progressing with all due rapidity and zeal, the old and well approved an pl of relieving biliousness and constipation through the beneficent agency of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters finds general recognition. This excelent family medicine is a safeguard against malaria and rheumatism. It invigorates the system through the medium of improved digestion and appetite, fortifies it against disease, and counteracts the effects of overwork, mental or physical, A wineglassful before retiring engenders health yielding and strength-giving sleep. Let it have the persistent and systematic trial that it deserves.

Captured at Beech Creek.

A large turkey buzzard was captured at Beech Creek a few days ago and was taken to Jersey Shore. It was caught at the scales of the Beech Creek railroad by Henry Bower, and by him presented to the proprietor of the National hotel at Jersey Shore. The large bird is of a species rare in this section. Its plumage is of a brownish black, the skin of the head and neck is bare and wrinkled, red in color, with very scattering bristles like feathers. The feet and legs are of a pinkish color, its bill and nostrils are very large and oval; its length is nearly thirty-six inches, the extent of wings nearly ninety, and the tail about sixteen inches long. The bird will be given freedom as soon as a wounded foot heals sufficiently.

See a lot of young girls in another column with their garments tucked up treading grapes in a Quinto village of Portugal during the wine making season. The practice is kept up to this day. Speer of New Jersey, however, uses rubber rollers and makes the most superior wines of the world.

Fire on Half Moon Hill.

Wednesday Sept. 21, about half past two, a house on Half Moon Hill owned by the Hazel estate and occupied by William Reed, caught fire and was burned to the ground. The fire is supposed to have caught from a defective flue Mr. Reed was at work and there was no one at home but Mrs. Reed and the children. With the assistance of neighbors Mrs. Reed was able to get all the goods out of the first floor but everything on the second floor was burned. The loss on the building is about $500.00 covered by insurance. Mr. Reed's loss on furniture is complete as he had no insurance.

AWFUL MINE DISASTER.

Seventy Men Entombed In the Empire at Brownsville.

FIFTY-NINE OF THESE WERE SAVED

The Scenes at the Mouth of the Mine Were of the Most Distressing Character—All the Men Have Been Accounted for.

THERE WERE TWO EXPLOSIONS

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., September 24.—Seventy men were entombed yesterday in the Empire mine of Snowden, Gould & Co., one-fourth of a mile below town, as the result of an explosion of gas followed by another explosion of fire damp. Of the number entombed all escaped or were taken out by rescuing parties, except eight, who were killed outright, and three more or less hurt.

The explosion is said to have been caused by the loosening of a large block of coal which opened a pocket of gas. Immediately following the explosion of gas there was a second explosion of fire damp. There were seventy men at work in the mine at the time of the disaster. Four men—Jacobs, Davis, Whetzell and Walker—who were near the entrance, managed to crawl out, and the others, with the exception of those caught by falling coal, escaped by traversing a mile and a half of underground passages, coming out at the entrance near Lynn station. This point is four miles from the opening of the mine on the Monongahela river.

Shortly after the report was circulated that an explosion had taken place at the Empire mines and that many miners were entombed, Water street, a narrow thoroughfare leading to it, was crowded with men, women and children moving toward the mines. There were moans and sobs and a general feeling of painful apprehension. When the mine was reached willing hands at once went to work. Everybody seemed to want to go into the mine. It was by sheer force that those in charge at the entrance kept the crowd out. It was announced that there was a sufficient force of men inside to do re-cue work when a weary and painful wait of hours took place. Just above the entrance to the mine there is an artificial plateau. From the edge of the plateau a good view of the track leading to the mine could be had. Here women stood wringing their hands in anguish and weeping. The hundreds of people realized that they stood at the entrance of a living tomb.

It was several hours later that the tinkle of the electric bell in the engine house announced that a train of coal cars were coming from within. The scene of the disaster is more than a mile from the entry. It took about ten minutes for the first load to reach the outside world. When the little train of cars emerged a shudder was visible in the crowd. First there came two cars loaded with coal. Then three cars, in each of which there were two bodies. One contained two brothers side by side, John and Salem Haiston. In the others were Robert Davidson and John Bennett, William Pritchard and John Cartwright. James Hall was in the last car.

The wagons were in waiting and the bodies were taken to undertaking establishments. When the bodies were brought up from the mines they presented a ghastly appearance. After the first lot of bodies had been brought out, the excitement and anxiety grew more intense. During the entire afternoon there was a desperate wait. It was announced that many men had come out of the mine through an abandoned entry, nearly three miles distant. This allayed the fears of many and as fast as the men were accounted for, their friends and families rejoiced and congratulations followed.

At 9 o'clock last night, the last of the explorers came out an announced that there was nothing, living or dead, left behind in the mine, leaving the list of fatalities as given above.

Also Climax Brandy of Grape.

The superior vintage of 1878 Brandy introduced by the Speer N. J. Wine Co., is highly spoken of by physicians

A Singular Incident.

There is quite an incident in connection with the sickness of private William Allen, member of company B, of this place, and the only man who is not at home. Allen was taken sick with typhoid fever about a month ago and when his illness had reached a critical stage, was taken to the division hospital. In this hospital, where there are hundreds of patients, the only way to keep track of the sick is by a tab tacked to the wall at the head of the cot, on which was written the soldier's name company, regiment, etc. Allen was in the division hospital several days when one morning on the rounds of one of the company, he was missing and a strange man found in his place. The closest inquiry could elicit no information as to what had become of him, unless he had died and had been buried. Finally Capt. Taylor wrote to the war department in Washington for any record that may have been sent there and in about a week received a reply that Allen was in the Sternberg hospital, Chickamauga, where he was found much improved in health and on a fair way to permanent recovery. It seems that Allen had been removed, with a number of others, from the division hospital to the Sternberg and no record given to his regiment or company, and thus for more than a week he was believed by his comrades to be dead and buried.—Watchman.

How's This?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure.

J. F. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known J. F. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax Wholesale druggist, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin Wholesale druggists, Toledo O.

Hall's catarrh cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Pointing With Pride.

We point with pride to our fulfilment of the promise of Tariff reform. With a return to Protection there has come a change in the balance of trade. Under Cleveland we were shipping millions of gold to Europe in exchange for goods bought from foreigners. Under McKinley Europe is shipping millions of gold to us in exchange for our product and manufactures. We point with pride to the revival of trade, the increased demand for labor, the advance of wages, the improved condition of the agricultural class that we predicted as a result of return to Republican policies. The coming winter will make no call for free soup houses for the hundreds of thousands of unemployed.—Chicago "Inter-Ocean."

Have you Catarrh Taint.

Here's strong evidence of the quickness and sureness of that wonderful remedy, Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder: "For years I was a victim of Chronic Catarrh—tried many remedies, but no cure was effected until I had procured and used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. First application gave me instant relief, and in an incredibly short while I was absolutely cured."—James Headley, Dundee, N. Y. —17.

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

Glass Works in Operation.

Thursday the Co-operative Glass company of this place made its first blow for the season of 1898-99. This is the third season for this company and they start out with prospects brighter than ever. During the summer a number of expensive improvements were made to the plant. The fires were lighted a week ago and the first blow Thursday was witnessed by a big crowd. The company now employs about fifty-five men and its weekly pay roll is in the neighborhood of $900.00.

In Europe Speer's Port Grape Wine

Is ordered by families in Dresden, London and Paris for its superior medicinal virtues, and its blood-making quality. It is made from a rare grape vines procured from Portugal.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. 529-16t

—Subscribe for the REPUBLICAN and get all the war news.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

Takes the burn out; heals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, the household remedy.

—Mr. Frank Shugert is the proud possessor of one of the new buggies with gum tires.

Men women and children who are troubled with sores, humors, pimples etc., may find permanent relief in Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—An infant son of George Glenn who lives near Valentines Furnace died Friday and was buried Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

A "house warming" was tendered Rev. Dr. Laurie at the parsonage last Thursday night. There were about 100 people present. It was a real social time, cake, coffee and sandwiches were served as refreshments.

—A special term of court for the trial of special cases began here on Monday, Judge Bell of Holidaysburg is the presiding judge.

—Henry Harman, formerly of place but of late years a resident of Juniata county died at his home in that place Thursday. He was about 75 years of age.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures, quickly and permanently At any drug store, 50 cents.

—The following children were baptised at St. John's Episcopal church on Friday evening: Howard Leslie Heaton, John Logan Love and Mary Elizabeth Fleming.

—Mr. Alf. Baum, who for several years past has been in the livery business at this place, has decided to shake the dust of Bellefonte from his feet and has opened a livery stable at Patton, Pa. The business at this place will be continued as usual by his father, Mr. Abe Baum.

—St. Andrews Guild, a society for older boys and young men of St. John's parish, was organized on Wednesday Sept 21. The following officers were elected: George W. Sunday, president; Clarence Longacre, vice-president; Thomas McClellan, treasurer; John Munson. secretary. The next meeting will be held Oct., 5th.

When doctors fail, try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

—On account of a musical entertainment in the Presbyterian church on Friday evening, and a social by the Methodists on Thursday evening. the Ladies of the Reformed church have postponed their social until the evening of the 7th of October.

—Edward Chambers Esq., has a certificate of stock issued by the Lock Haven & Tyrone railroad in 1859, signed by William Underwood president and B. H. Best, secretary. The road was afterwards sold at sheriff sale before it was graded, the stockholders losing all their investments.

One of nature's remedies, cannot harm the weakest constitution; never fails to cure summer complaints of young or old. Dr. Fowler's Extracts of Wild Strawberry.

—The engagement of Mr. Charles Stone Hughes of Baltimore to Miss Emma Virginia Graham of Mt. Washington, Md., has just been formally announced. Charlie is the second son of Rev. J. P. Hughes of this place and is succeeding remarkably well in his tea and coffee business in Baltimore. Miss Graham is a beautiful girl of exceptional culture and character and the second daughter in one of the most charming families in Maryland. The REPUBLICAN extends its heartiest congratulations to you, Charlie.

—Mr. William Potter, of Milesburg the young sculptor whose talents have astonished his friends, has been very desirous of continuing his course at the Philadelphia art school. The cost of which will be $108 and as his means are limited his friends advised him to go around with a paper and solicit the amount. The people of this town are very proud of the young man's talents and are glad to help him. He has already raised $ 3.00. If he calls on you don't turn him down, but help him and you will never regret it.

A SUDDEN DEATH.

Mrs. Mollie Minsker Found Dead in Bed At Her Home in the Crider Building.

Monday morning the sad news became current on the street of the sudden death of Mrs. Mollie Minsker, a highly respected widow lady of this place. Mrs. Minsker resided with her little daughter, Verna, in rooms in the Crider building. The child always slept with her mother and Monday morning on awakening she called her telling her it was time to get up. On receiving on answer she shook her mother and was horrified to make the discovery that the one she loved so well was dead. She at once dressed and notified the neighbors.

Mrs. Mollie Minsker was the daughter of David K. and Mary E. Hoover, of near Roopsburg. She was born in Penns Valley, Feb. 14th 1867 and was therefore 31 years, 7 months and 11 days old. She was married to Girard Minsker, who was for many years in the employ of P. B. Crider & Son of this place. Her husband preceeded her to the grave about ten years ago. She leaves two children, Verna who lived with her and Rachel now in an orphan school in Philadelphia. She is also survived by her father and mother and the following brothers and sisters: Frank, Robert and David of Altoona; William of Axe Mann; Mrs. Cornelius Hazel of near Bellefonte, and Katie who resides with her father near Roopsburg.

Coroner M. J. Locke was sent for and made an examination of the deceased and decided that death was due to heart failure.

The remains were taken to the home of her father David K. Hoover near Roopsburg, where the funeral took place Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

A SHOCKING ACCIDENT.

The Little Five Year Old Daughter of M. Lamb Drowned in a Cistern

Monday morning about half past eight a sad accident occurred at the home of Emanuel Noll, on North Allegheny street, in which little Anna Lamb, the five year old daughter of Michael Lamb, lost her life.

The particulars in the case are about as follows: Michal Lamb, the father of the child, resides next door to Noll's, and the little one was a great favorite of all the neighbors, especially of Mr. Noll's family. This morning, as was her custom often before, she was playing about Noll's back yard. In this yard there is a cistern about fifteen feet deep, and about half full of water. Miss June Beck, the girl who makes her home at Noll's, was washing, and had just drawn a bucket of water from the cistern and placed it on the stove to heat. The trap door over the cistern was thus left uncovered for a moment and while the girl's back was turned the little one tottered towards the cistern and losing her balance plunged headlong into the deep water below.

The women of the house at once discovered the accident and became frantic with excitement. There were no men near when the child fell in and the women in their excitement were helpless to aid the child. Their cries, however, finally attracted the attention of Samuel Rhodes, who lives near there, and of Mr. John Potter, of Milesburg, who was passing about that time. They at once hastened to the rescue, but for a little while they too were baffled in their efforts to save the child. The cistern has a board flooring over it with a narrow trap door, through which the family get their water supply by means of a bucket and rope. The cistern was as dark as a pocket and the hole in the top was so small that no man could squeeze himself through. Ladders were brought but they were too big to get through.

Finally Mr. Potter secured a rake and by hooking it in the child's clothes drew the then apparently lifeless body of the unfortunate child to the surface.

Michael Lamb, the father of the child, who was painting at a house on Thomas street, was sent for as was also Doctors Harris and Dobbins. The doctors worked for over an hour in an attempt to resuscitate the child, but to no purpose as it was evidently dead when taken from the water.

Surviving the little girl are her father and mother and the following brothers and sisters: Julia, Thomas, Florence and an infant baby boy, all of this place.

The funeral took place Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, interment in Union Cemetery.

—There will be a live, clay bird and rifle tournament under the auspices of the Clearfield Gun Club at Riverview park, Clearfield, Pa., Oct. 4, 5, and 6, 1898. The officers of the club are Frank G. Harris, president; Dr. M. Gard Whittier, treasurer; Charles T. Noll, secretary; and H. E. Hummelbaugh, captain.

DEATH OF THOMAS COLLINS

An Honored Citizen of Bellefonte Has Passed Away.

KING AMONG RAILROAD CONTRACTORS

It Was His Boast that his Firm Built more Miles of Railroad than any Other Firm In the United States—A Prominent Democratic Politician.

DIED AT 3 O'CLOCK SUNDAY MORNING

Sunday morning at 3 o'clock the angel of death entered the Collins home at this place and took hence the spirit of the veteran railroad contractor and prominent democratic politician, Thomas Collins. Though suffering much during his last illness yet the end came calmly and peacefully. The direct cause of death was gangrene and blood poisoning. The deceased had not been in the best of health for some time past. Some two months ago he was ill with typhoid fever but recovered sufficiently to be about again. About two weeks ago he was seized with a fainting spell and was only semi conscious for a day or two. The doctors diagnosed his case as an obstruction in the large artery of the left limb, just above the knee. Amputation was the only hope for life but the patient was to weak for this. In a few days gangrene set in and blood poison resulted when all hope was at an end and all that could be done was to relieve his suffering until the end would come.

Thomas Collins was born in Munster, Cambria county; during the year 1823. He comes of good old Irish stock, his parents having emigrated to this country from Ireland over eighty years ago. Thomas was the second of a family of nine, namely: Philip, who died in Ebensburg, Feb. 1895; Thomas, James, Neal, Peter, John. Ellen, now Mrs. Edward Shoemaker, Elizabeth and Sarah the two latter during the past twelve years have lived with the subject of this sketch at his beautiful home about one mile from Bellefonte.

Shortly after the birth of Thomas the family moved to Ebensburg, Cambria county and that has been the home of the Collins ever since.

Thomas Collins and his brothers came of poor parents and were early thrown on the world to struggle for themselves. Thomas was unable to attend college but received a fair education in the public schools.

However, he was a great reader and a close student and in that way made up for the lack of a college education. Not being of a proud nature he found employment at whatever his hands found to do, finally learning the trade of an engineer.

The brothers were all pushing energetic fellows and they early took up that which proved their life work namely railroad contracting. The six brothers formed a partnership with Philip, Thomas and Peter as the "Big Three." They were all men of great physical power of gigantic statue standing over 6 feet tall in their stocking feet.

Their first contract was the Old Portage road which they built for the Pennsylvania Railroad, completing it in 1849. For a great many years they were in the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad Co. For this company they built the Philadelphia & Erie, part of the Pittsburg Division of the main line including the big tunnel at Gallitzin, Ebensburg branch; Tyrone and Clearfield and many others.

The celebrated Sand Patch tunnel near Cumberland, Md., was one of their undertakings. Other contractors had tried it and failed but the Collins's made a success of it. Also completed large contracts for Philadelphia and Reading, Lehigh Valley, Jersey Central, built part of West Penn, large contract for Southern Pennsylvania, constructed most of Beech Creek, and a good part of Lewisburg & Tyrone, as well as private roads.

Early in 1877 the "Big Three" secured a contract from an English syndicate for the building of the Madeira & Mamore railroad in far off Brazil. With a cargo of supplies, railroad iron and several hundred men they left Philadelphia on the large steamship Metropolis. But when off Cape Hatteras, a big storm came up wrecking the vessel. The ship with all its supplies and many lives were lost, the Collins's themselves having a most miraculous escape from death.

Nothing daunted by this they chartered the Richmond and with 437 men and supplies sailed for Brazil, this time reaching their destination in safety. For one year they worked diligently and were fast bringing the road to completion when the English Syndicate became bankrupt and failed to pay. This was a hard blow to the Collins's and they returned to this country penniless. Thomas Collins went to England soon after and brought suit to recover but failed to get a cent.

In 1886 the Collins's came to Bellefonte and purchasing valuable ore rights built the Bellefonte & Buffalo Run Railroad (now the Bellefonte Central), subsequently erecting at this place a big blast furnace with a capacity of 100 tons of iron per day. This furnace was blown in during the winter of 1887-88 and continued in operation for three years when it shut down. In this venture the Collins's lost money.

From 1886 Thomas Collins made Bellefonte his home, residing at his beautiful country place about one mile from town and along the pike leading to Milesburg.

A few years ago Thomas Collins built the Glen Falls branch of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and in 1896 he completed the large Kittanning Point reservoir for the city of Altoona.

Philip, Thomas and Peter have been justly termed the Kings of railroad contractors and it was their boast that they had built more miles of railroad than any other firm in the United States. In all this vast business which they have conducted they have never had a strike amongst their men.

In 1871 they took an interest in newspaper work helping to establish the Philadelphia Times. Thomas and Philip were the firm starting it up as a penny paper. It did not prove a paying investment and they took in the McLaughling Brothers, Ex-Governor A. G. Curtin and Col. A. C. McClure. The paper was improved and increased in size and the price raised to two cents. The Collins's soon found that newspaper work was not in their line and they soon sold out, again taking up railroad contracting.

The Collins's were all democrats, Thomas more prominent than the rest. While living in Schuylkill county he was elected to the legislature serving in the sessions of 1857-58. In 1892 he was a delegate to the National Democratic convention which nominated Cleveland for president.

In 1896 he was nominated for Congressman-at-large by the reconvened Democratic state convention but suffered defeat with the rest of his ticket at the November election.

Mr. Collins was always a liberal contributor for campaign purposes and his advice was eagerly sought by his party leaders. Of gigantic statue and commanding figure he was a man quick to attract attention and not soon forgotten. Liberal and broadminded his place in the community will be hard to fill. He was an earnest christian gentleman and a devout member of the Catholic church.

Early in life he was married to Miss Ellen Murray, of Harrisburg, who preceeded him to the grave some twelve or fifteen years ago. He was aged about 75 years and was the last but one of the six brothers. Surviving him are Peter Collins, of Philadelphia and the sisters, Mrs. Ellen Shoemaker, and Misses Elizabeth and Sarah Collins of this place.

The funeral services took place Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock in St. John's Roman Catholic church on Bishop street. The services were conducted by Rev. P. McArdle, rector of the church assisted by Rev. Father J. Boyle, of Johnstown, and Father Rosentheil of Tyrone.

The pall-bearers were Hon. P. Gray Meek, Joseph Ceaders, C. M. Parrish, Joseph L. Montgomery, John Potter, Wm. Lyons, D. Judge and Dr, George F. Harris.

After the services here the remains were taken to Ebensburg on the 9:53 train where interment was made.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Emil Joseph transacted business in New York last week.

Herman Holtz, who has been ill for the past month, is able to be about again.

Mr. Wm. R. Way, of Stormstown, transacted business in town last week.

Sheriff W. M. Cronister and Editor Charles Kurtz were Tyrone visitors last Friday.

W. E. Gray is able to be out again and is about well of his serious attack of rheumatism.

A. G. Morris, of Tyrone, was in town Tuesday looking after his extensive lime business.

Architect Robert Cole, of this place, transacted business in Lock Haven, Thursday.

Miss Mame Jackson of Berwick, is visiting at the home of Col. W. F. Reeder in this place.

R. B. Spangler and wife, of Hastings, Pa., are visiting friends at this place and Centre Hall.

County Superintendent C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg, transacted business in town Tuesday.

Ex-County Commissioner A. J. Griest, of Unionville, transacted business in town Tuesday.

Mr. J. M. McCurdy, cashier of the 1st National Bank, has returned home after a short vacation.

Mrs. Rachel Zimmerman, of this place, is spending several weeks with relatives at Karthaus, Pa.

J. C. Meyer Esq., returned home Tuesday morning from an important business trip to New York City.

Mr, Frank Kerns, of Millheim, attended the reception to Co. B in this place Wednesday of last week.

Dr. J. M. Dannacker, of Lock Haven was a pleasant visitor to our town Thursday and Friday of last week.

M. I. Gardner and J. C. Harper, both of this place, attended the big demonstration in Philipsburg on Friday.

Mrs. James Harris, of this place, attended the Clinton county W. C. T. U., convention at Mill Hall Thursday.

Miss Maud Schenck, daughter of Postmaster Hayes Schenck, of Howard, was a pleasant visitor to our town last week.

Mr. John Holter, one of Howard's promising young men, took in the celebration in honor of Co. B at this place last week.

Mr. Homer Wagner, of Philipsburg, was among those who attended the big celebration in this place Wednesday of last week.

Mr, Isaac Frain, of Abdera, president of the Centre county Grange Fire Insurance company, transacted business in town Thursday.

Mrs. R. M. Magee and son, Boyd, spent a few days last week with friends in Tyrone, prior to their return to their home in Philadelphia.

Mrs. G. H. Hemingway, wife of Rev. Hemingway, of Bloomsburg, is a guest at the pleasant home of J.C. Meyer Esq., on East Curtin Street.

Miss Margery Knowles, who has been paying a protracted visit to her cousin, Mrs. J. M. Dale, of this place, returned to her home last week.

George R. Meek, of the Watchman, and his sister, Miss Lulu, returned last week from their trip through the West with the National Editorial Association.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Otto, with their two youngest daughters, Mabel and Helen, spent Sunday with Mrs. Otto's sister, Mrs. Al Garman, in Tyrone.

Edgar McCloskey, son of Ira L. McCloskey, of Lock Haven, arrived in Bellefonte Saturday and has accepted a position as clerk in Zeller's drug store.

Mr, Will Lambert has moved from Pleasant Gap to Bellefonte, and he and his wife are cosily installed in one of Mr. Edward Rhoades' houses on East Lamb street.

Lieutenant George L. Jackson, Corporals Taylor and Williams, and Privates Kellerman and Hoover, of Co. B, attended the Peace Jubilee in Philipsburg on Friday,

Col. W. F. Reeder arrived home Friday afternoon from Harrisburg. There is a special term of court this week and Col. Reeder is interested in several of the cases to be tried.

John M. Keichline, Jr., left for Chicago last week where he will enter a medical college for the purpose of becoming an M. D. He will be absent from Bellefonte for about one year.

W. Herdic Wood, Harry Parker, and Arden H. Fleming, of the Repasz band of Williamsport were in Bellefonte on Wednesday Sept. 21, and assisted the Undine band in their delightful concerts.

Hon. James Milliken lectured Friday evening at 8 p.m., in the Engineering building at State College, under the auspices of the State College Scientific Association, on a "Tour through lower Egypt" following the route of the children of Israel as given in the bible.

Misses Mary Kreamer and Ann Confer, two of Bellefonte's charming young ladies, returned on Wednesday Sept. 21 after a week's visit among friends at Reedsville and Tyrone. They left again on Thursday for State College where they will spend a week with friends.

H. M. Hoover, of Lock Haven, transacted business in Bellefonte Tuesday.

John M. Dale, Esq., returned Tuesday from a business trip to Philadelphia and Washington.

Eustace B. Grimes, formerly of this place, but now of Philadelphia, attended the funeral of Thomas Collins, in this place, Tuesday morning.

James Wagner, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Wagner, of North Spring street, arrived home Monday on a 60-day furlough. James is a private of Troop E, Third Regt. of U. S. Cav., and has been with the regiment all through Cuba. He will be twenty one years old Feb. 15, 1899, on the first anniversary of the blowing up of the Maine,

Mr. William Cassidy, who has been for the past 15 years a citizen of Bellefonte, is going to Canton, Ohio, where he will take charge of his father's printing business and make that place his future home. Mr. Cassidy has been foreman of the Gazette office since its first issue, and his many friends and acquaintances here will sincerely regret his departure,

United Brethren Appointments.

The Allegheny United Brethren conference closed its annual session at Braddock Sunday evening, and voted to meet next year at Altoona. The sessions were of an unusually interesting character. Following is a partial list of the appointments for this district:

Presiding elder—G. W. Sherrick.
Altoona—W. H. Williamson and S. S. Hough.
Bellefonte—Allen Rhen.
Bilger—George Noden.
Coalport—A. B. Wilson.
DuBois—J. P. Cowling.
Glasgow—S. S. Welsh.
Huntingdon—R. S. Woodford.
Knoxville—S. Cameron.
LaJose—N. H. Newell.
Mahaffey—W. H. Shope.
Philipsburg—L. C. Smiley.
Port Matilda—W. B. Barnhart.
Punxsutawney—U. B. Brubaker.
Shade Gap—J. F. Tallhelm.
Stormstown—W. H. Mattern.
South Williamsport—E. B. Summers.
Three Springs—W. R. Dillon.
Tyrone—W. W. Rymer.
West Decatur—G. A. Sparks.
Woodland—W. H. Mingle.

In Cupid's Net.

The following list of marrige license have been issued during the past week by Register G. W. Rumberger.

Wm. H. Noll and Cora B. Twitmire, both of Pleasant Gap.

Charles H. Lee and Sadie Fulton, both of Walker twp., Centre county.

L. H. McAuley and Emma Bergstresser, both of Hublersburg.

Frankey A. Fye and Dora E. Bodle, both of Romola.

Theodore G. Leathers, of Mount Eagle, and Miss Verna A. Bryan, of Roland.

William Fiecher Richel, of Farmers' Mills, and Sallie Oliva Shaffer of Madisonburg.

Opera House Attractions.

Garman's Opera House will be managed by Wm. Garman during the season of 1898-99, and the list of attractions already booked are as follows:

Oct. 14—Vogel's Minstrels.
" 18—Rice & Barton's Vaudeville.
Nov. 14—Martin's "Uncle Tom's Cabin."
Dec. 2—Roger Brothers, "Next Door."
Feb. 13—Keller, the Magician.
" 20—Rickett's Comedians.

Applications for dates from other companies are being considered, among the number is the Andrews Opera Company. Altogether the prospects are very bright for a successful amusement season for Bellefonte.

—The Logan Fire company gave a reception to Co. B last Thursday evening at the Public building on Howard street. Ice cream, cakes, etc., were served.

—Rev. Crittenden has just returned from a mission in Lycoming county, where he visited one Sunday school which he organized in 1876, continued ever since and has grown into a church organization of forty members.

—Chief Big Nose, of the Assiniboine Indians, stopped a Government Inspector passing over the reservation last week to explain why he had not volunteered to fight for the Great Father. He had always expected to help Uncle Sam if war ever came, but the runner who brought him news that hostilities had been begun, also said that all the fighting was to be on the water. This was entirely unexpected to Big Nose, and seemed very strange to him, and, as he had never learned to swim, he did not volunteer.

—Tuesday the U. S. Government placed a recording clock in the post office at this place. This clock is certainly a wonderful invention. It is so arranged by a system of keys that the carriers and clerks record their time of arriving in the morning, when they start out on their trips and when they return. The time the office is opened in the morning and when closed at night is also recorded. This clock also gives warning by striking five minutes before the carriers start on a trip and then again when it is time to start.